MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION State Financial Services Division State Accounting Bureau Local Government Services Mitchell Building, Room 270, PO Box 200547, Helena, Montana 59620-0547

> ENTITY # <u>021501</u> MONTANA CITY OF COLUMBIA FALLS 130 6th St W Room A Columbia Falls, MT 59912

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

FOR DEPARTMENT OF ADMINSTRATION USE ONLY

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INTRODUCTORY

SECTION



130 6th STREET WEST ROOM A COLUMBIA FALLS, MT 59912

PHONE (406) 892-4391 FAX (406) 892-4413

TRANSMITTAL LETTER

December 19, 2018

To the Honorable Mayor, City Councilors and the Citizens of the City of Columbia Falls, MT

State law requires that all general purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements within six months of the close of each fiscal year, or no later than December 31, 2018. These financial statements must be presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Columbia Falls, Montana for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 is hereby submitted as required by state law.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances and compliance of the City. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the City.

Doyle & Associates, P.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants is currently completing the audit of the financial statements. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 are free of material misstatement. The independent auditor also conducts test of compliance with local, state and federal laws. The independent auditor's report is published separately and upon issuance available for public inspection.

The City administration takes seriously the duty of transparency in government operations and accountability to the public. The comprehensive annual financial report is one of the key documents in keeping the public informed of the City's operations and finances.

The financial statements included in this report demonstrate the City's continued financial stability. The City's total net position, increased by \$220,990, a 0.88% increase for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, compared to an increase of \$45,654 in the prior year. The City is maintaining the current level of services with the resources available.

Thank you for your support and leadership resulting in the City's ability to meet goals and to provide the citizens of Columbia Falls with quality services.

Sincerely, Susan M. Nicosia

City Manager

CITY OF COLUMBIA FALLS ELECTED OFFICIALS/OFFICERS OFFICE NAME OF CITY/TOWN OFFICIALS/OFFICERS DATE TERM EXPIRES Mayor Donald W. Barnhart 12/31/2021 Councilperson Darin Fisher 12/31/2019 Doug Karper Councilperson 12/31/2019 Councilperson Jenny Lovering 12/31/2021 John Piper Councilperson 12/31/2019 Councilperson Paula Robinson 12/31/2021 Councilperson Mike Shepard 12/31/2021 Susan Nicosia, CPA, MPA Appointed City manager Attorney Justin Breck 12/31/2019 Chief of police Clint Peters Appointed City Clerk Barb Staaland Appointed Sandy Carlson Kristi L. Curtis Finance Director Appointed 12/31/2021 City Judge Fire Chief Rick Hagen Appointed Public Works Director Grady Jenkins Appointed IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE LAW, I HEREBY TRANSMIT THE CITY OF COLUMBIA FALLS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018 Respectfully submitted; **City Manager** Date Finance Director 12 19 Date

FINANCIAL

SECTION

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND

ANALYSIS

CITY OF COLUMBIA FALLS, FLATHEAD COUNTY, MONTANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the report provides readers with a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Columbia Falls for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at June 30 by \$25,257,599 (net position). Of this amount, \$659,774 or approximately 2.6% may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The remainder includes \$18,218,504 in capital assets, net of related debt and \$6,379,321 restricted for future debt payments and future use.
- Total net position increased by \$220,990. Of this amount, net position in governmental activities increased by \$114,300 and net position in business-type activities increased by \$106,690. There were no restatements of net position for the year ending June 30, 2018.
- As of June 30 the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$4,198,914, an increase of \$416,487 over the prior year. Approximately 9.3% of this amount, \$391,345 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- The City installed an HVAC system in the Fire Hall for a cost of \$15,703.
- The City completed \$22,595 in Horine Park improvements for landscaping and fencing.
- The City continued the police patrol vehicle replacement program with the purchase of a 2014 Dodge Ram and equipment for a total cost of \$40,647.
- The City completed the sidewalk and street infrastructure improvements on 7th Street for a total cost of \$24,740, with \$7,500 or half the cost of the sidewalk contributed by the developer.
- The City substantially completed the Riverwood SID project which included reconstructing the existing street and installing City Water and Sewer mains and connections to the subdivision. The street was substantially complete but required some additional surface work and chip sealing as of June 30, 2018. This work was completed in September 2018. The street costs are captured in Construction in Progress in the amount of \$246,615. The Water and Sewer Mains and connections were complete. The Water and Sewer Funds added Transmission and Distribution assets in the amount of \$256,833 and \$569,032 respectively.
- SID #38 Riverwood, a governmental debt fund, was created in connection with the Riverwood SID project described above. Special Improvement District (SID) debt was issued in the amount of \$340,000 in November 2017, representing the homeowner's portion of the project. The City made payments in the amount of \$15,693 during the 2018 FY leaving an outstanding debt of \$324,307 as of June 30, 2018. The debt will be repaid with an annual tax assessment for 20 years.

- The Sewer Fund acquired General Plant equipment assets as follows: Generator \$19,851, Grit Pumps \$47,402, Dewatering Building Heater \$6,450, Composite Sampler \$6,684, and an EQ Basin Flow Meter \$10,808.
- The Water Fund Operating income (loss) was (\$129,942) compared to (\$179,174) for the prior year. Water debt was reduced by \$26,000. The Water Fund's net position decreased by \$170,946 for the 2018 fiscal year.
- Operating income (loss) for the Sewer Fund was (\$379,994) compared to operating income (loss) of (\$195,417) for the prior year. Sewer debt was reduced by \$213,638. The Sewer Fund's net position decreased by \$136,339 for the 2018 fiscal year.
- The 2018 FY was the second year for the City's Tax Increment District formed in 2015 pursuant to Title 7, Chapter 15, Parts 42 and 43, Montana Code Annotated. MT Department of Revenue certified the Columbia Falls Urban Renewal Tax Increment Financing District (TIF) in February 2016 with a base year of January 1, 2015. In June 2018, the City Council adopted a budget for the tax resources received in the 2018 FY. See pages 82 and 83 for detailed financial information on the Tax Increment District, reported as special revenue Fund 2310.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The financial statements contain four components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements, and 4) budgetary comparisons.

1. Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The *statement of net position* (page 14) presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* (page 15) presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of the related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*). Governmental activities include general government, public safety, public works, public health, culture and recreation, housing and community development, and debt service. The City has two business type activities – operation of a water utility and wastewater utility. The City charges a fee to customers to recover the cost of operating the utilities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City's (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate component unit, the Fire Department Relief Association, for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for the Fire Department Relief Association is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

2. Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Columbia Falls, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of The City of Columbia Falls can be divided into three categories: (a.) *governmental funds, (b.) proprietary funds* and *(c.) fiduciary funds*.

a. <u>Governmental Funds.</u> Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliation between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities* view of financial position. These statements are found on pages 16 - 19.

The City of Columbia Falls maintains 22 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately for the General Fund, Street Maintenance Fund, Cedar Creek Trust Fund and Riverwood Debt Service Fund (SID #38) as they are major funds. Data from the other 18 funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation.

The City of Columbia Falls adopts annual appropriated budget for its governmental and proprietary funds. Schedules providing budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Major Funds are included as required supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with both the original and final budgets.

b. <u>Proprietary Funds.</u> The City of Columbia Falls operates two utilities, water and sewer, which are proprietary enterprise funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The proprietary fund statements provide detail information for the Water and Sewer Funds, which are classified as major enterprise funds. Data from the other two funds, Water Capital Expansion and Sewer Capital Expansion, are combined into a single aggregated presentation.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 22 of this report.

c. <u>*Fiduciary Funds.*</u> Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City of Columbia Falls' own operations.

The City of Columbia Falls has three administrative clearing funds for payroll, claims and flex funds that are included as agency funds in the basic fiduciary fund financial statement. The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 23 of this report.

3. Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 24 through 59 of this report.

4. Other Information. "Required Supplementary Information," pages 60 through 79, includes Other Post Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Funding Progress, Pension funding schedules, and the General and major Special Revenue Fund budgetary comparison schedules.

CITY-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In this case, the City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$25,257,599 at June 30. The following table provides a summary comparison of the City's governmental and business-type net assets for fiscal years 2017 and 2018.

City of Columbia Fails												
Net Position												
	Governmental Activities					Business-ty	Activities	Total				
		2017-2018		2016-2017		2017-2018		2016-2017		2017-2018		2016-2017
Assets:												
Current and other assets	\$	4,810,463	\$	4,062,201	\$	4,132,757	\$	4,084,112	\$	8,943,220	\$	8,146,313
Capital assets		8,923,678		9,325,358		11,169,186		11,315,946		20,092,864		20,641,304
Total Assets		13,734,141		13,387,559		15,301,943		15,400,058	۲.,	29,036,084	*	28,787,617
Deferred outflows of resources		308,920		232,436		116,237		78,688		425,157		311,124
Liabilities												
Current and other liabilities		438,054		363,726		404,748		397,434		842,802		761,160
Long-term liabilities		1,951,305		1,737,618		1,329,597		1,511,945		3,280,902		3,249,563
Total Liabilities		2,389,359		2,101,344		1,734,345		1,909,379		4,123,704		4,010,723
Deferred inflows of resources		54,568		33,816		25,370		17,592		79,938		51,408
Net Position												
Invested in capital assets net of related												
debt		8,062,318		8,631,310		10,156,186		10,066,308		18,218,504		18,697,618
Restricted		2,653,054		2,067,304		3,726,267		3,568,887		6,379,321		5,636,191
Unrestricted		883,762		786,221		(223,988)		(83,420)		659,774		702,801
Total Net Position	\$	11,599,134	\$	11,484,835	\$	13,658,465	\$	13,551,775	\$	25,257,599	\$	25,036,610

City of Columbia Falls Not Position

A significant portion of the City's net position (72%) reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets include land, buildings, machinery, and equipment, as well as infrastructure. Infrastructure assets include streets, sidewalks, water and sewer mains constructed by the city or constructed and donated by subdivision developers. Capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, they are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted

that the resources needed to repay this debt would need to be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional \$6,379,321 of the City's net assets (25%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Included in this category is a reserve for \$454,597 in the G. O. bond and SID debt service funds, \$301,926 for a long-term receivable in the Cedar Creek Trust Special Revenue Fund and other restrictions due to grant, donor or statutory provisions. Reserves have been established in the Water and Sewer funds for one year's annual payment in the amount of \$35,308 and \$256,051, respectively. Additional Water and Sewer reserves are for Replacement and Depreciation and System Improvements, as required by bond indenture requirements. These reserves total \$246,754 in Water and \$200,000 in Sewer. The City also sets aside funds for future capital projects in Water and Sewer. As of June 30, 2018, these amounts were \$261,733 and \$795,628, respectively. The Water and Sewer Capital Expansion Fund Net Assets are restricted to fund expansion of the applicable systems. Those restricted net assets total \$1,930,792. The remaining balance of unrestricted assets, \$659,774 (3%) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At June 30, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the City as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental and Business-type activities increased the City's net Changes in Net Position. position by \$220,990 in 2018. The table below indicates the changes in net assets for governmental and business-type activities in 2018 and compares to prior year.

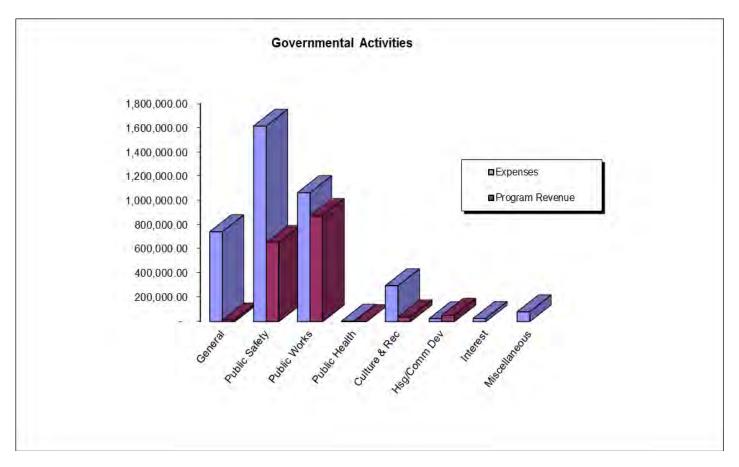
City of Columbia Fails												
		Ch	an	ges in Net	Pe	osition						
		Governmental Activities Business-type Activities						Activities	Total			
		2017-2018		2016-2017		2017-2018	2016-2017		2017-2018			2016-2017
Revenues												
Program revenues												
Charges for services	\$	1,284,817	\$	747,899	\$	2,114,502	\$	1,738,041	\$	3,399,319	\$	2,485,940
Operating grants and contributions		349,836		287,197						349,836		287,197
Capital grants and contributions		-		-						-		-
General revenues										-		-
Property taxes		1,671,380		1,481,752						1,671,380		1,481,752
Intergovernmental revenue		722,716		722,435						722,716		722,435
Other revenues		(58,694)		506,147		252,711		43,361		194,017		549,508
Total revenues		3,970,055		3,745,430		2,367,213		1,781,402		6,337,268		5,526,832
Expenses												
General government		742,123		714,709						742,123		714,709
Public safety		1,613,717		1,282,918						1,613,717		1,282,918
Public works		1,064,905		1,009,160						1,064,905		1,009,160
Public health		4,250		4,250						4,250		4,250
Culture and recreation		296,752		384,398						296,752		384,398
Housing/Community Development		25,876								25,876		
Interest on long term debt		26,675		20,450						26,675		20,450
Miscellaneous		81,457		72,400						81,457		72,400
Water						880,547		829,732		880,547		829,732
Sewer						1,379,976		1,163,161		1,379,976		1,163,161
Total expenses		3,855,755		3,488,285		2,260,523		1,992,893		6,116,278		5,481,178
Change in Net Position		114,300		257,145		106,690		(211,491)		220,990		45,654
Net Position-Beginning		11,484,834		11,227,508		13,551,775		13,785,341		25,036,609		25,012,849
Restatement		-		182		-		(22,075)		-		(21,893)
Net Position-Ending	\$	11,599,134	\$	11,484,835	\$	13,658,465	\$	13,551,775	\$	25,257,599	\$	25,036,610

City of Columbia Falls

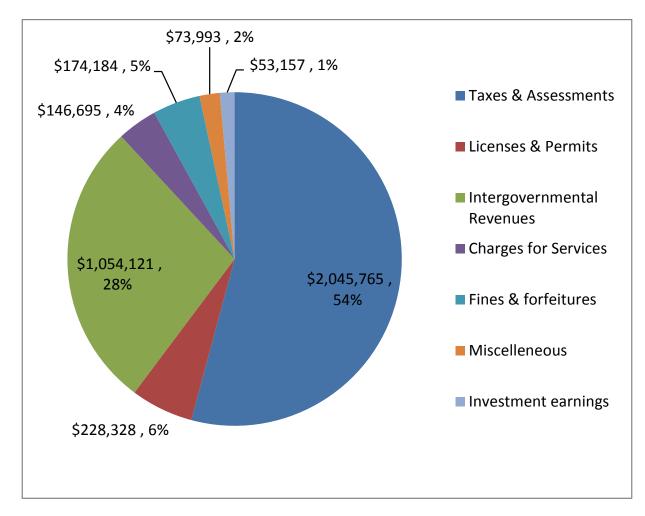
Governmental Activities. Governmental activities in fiscal year 2018 increased the City's net position by \$114,300 with revenues totaling \$3.97 million and expenditures totaling \$3.85 million. The key elements of the variance between the years are:

- The property tax revenue increased by \$330,799 primarily due to the new tax increment district, Fund 2310 that generated \$220,002 in new tax revenue for the 2018 FY and the \$77,476 in newly taxable revenue.
- Charges for services revenue increased \$322,999 due to the addition of SID #38 Riverwood assessments. Additionally, Building Permit revenue increased by approximately \$68,000.
- Public Safety expenditures increased by approximately \$96,000 in the Police Department for personnel costs and \$47,000 for Building Inspections contracted services.

This chart shows the extent to which the City relies on the general revenues, such as Property Tax Revenues and Unrestricted State Revenues, to fund the governmental activities as reflected on the Statement of Activities on page 15.

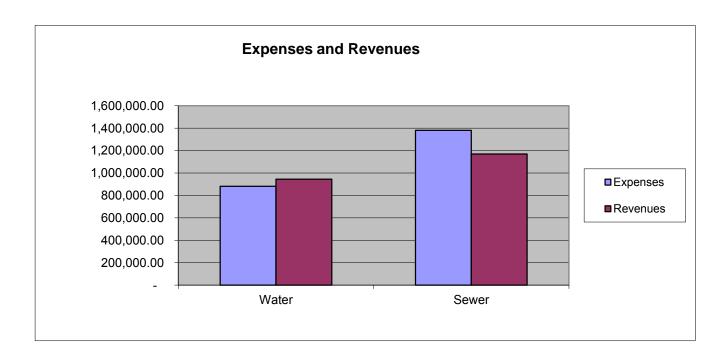


This chart shows the Revenues by Source for the Governmental Funds as reported on the Statement of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds, page 18.



Total Governmental activity revenues increased by \$301,598 or 9%. Taxes & Assessments revenues experienced a 9% increase over the prior year of \$256,340, as noted above. Licenses and Permits Revenue increased 41%, \$66,048, primarily due to the increase in building permit fees as also reported earlier. Intergovernmental Revenues decreased by \$69,028. The City's revenue fluctutations are significantly impacted by one time grants such as the 2017 FY \$88,000 Youth Recreation Grant (Intergovernmental Revenues).

Business-type Activities. The City's business-type activities, Water and Sewer, increased the City's net position in 2018 by \$106,690, compared to a decrease in 2017 of (\$211,491.) Due to the increase in building activity, the City also saw a significant increase (149%) in the Plant Investment Fees of \$232,203, which contributed to the positive net position of the Water and Sewer business-type activities.



FINANANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City of Columbia Falls uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds Overview

The focus of City governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for discretionary use as it represents the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party or the City itself.

As of the end of 2018, the combined ending fund balances of City governmental funds was \$4,198,917, an increase of \$416,487 (11%) over the prior year. Of this amount, \$301,926 or 7% is not in spendable form because it represents a long-term receivable in the Cedar Creek Trust Fund. \$1,944,085, 46%, is restricted to indicate that constraints placed on the use of resources is externally imposed or imposed by law because assets are limited by specific grant agreements, assets are limited by state law or specific voter approved debt covenants. \$582,728, 12%, represents a cash reserve in the General fund to provide liquidity until tax revenue is received in December. Additionally, \$905,278, 22%, represents funds committed to future capital projects. The Cedar Creek Trust has an assigned balance of \$73,552. The unassigned fund balance is \$391,345, 9% total ending fund balance, all of which is within the General Fund.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At June 30, the unassigned fund balance was \$391,345 and the committed fund balance was \$582,728 for a total fund balance of \$974,073. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total General Fund expenditures/other financing uses. Unassigned fund balance

represents approximately 14% of the total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses, \$2,882,250 while total fund balance represents approximately 34% of that same amount.

The City of Columbia Falls has four major governmental funds: the General Fund, Street Maintenance Fund, Cedar Creek Trust Fund and Riverwood Debt Service Fund (SID #38):

- 1. General Fund. This is the primary operating fund of the City of Columbia Falls government. It accounts for many of the City's general and administrative services, such as legislative, financial, legal, police, fire and parks.
- 2. Street Maintenance Fund. This special revenue fund accounts for the special maintenance assessment charged for the direct street, alley and sidewalk operational and maintenance costs including, but not limited to, snow removal, street sweeping, and minor and major repairs. The street maintenance assessment is set each year by the City Council pursuant to state statute.
- 3. Cedar Creek Trust Fund. This special revenue fund was created by Resolution adopted by the City of Columbia Falls Council. Per the trust document, funds can be used for land or building purchases benefiting the citizens of Columbia Falls, as well as loans of the principal or interest where a benefit would be realized by the citizens. Principal can only be spent on land or buildings by the Council by consent of a minimum of five of the seven members. Loans can be approved by the Council in compliance with the trust document provisions.
- 4. Riverwood Debt Service Fund (SID #38). This debt service fund accounts for all financial transactions related to the debt on the Riverwood Special Improvement District (SID). Improvements included connecting water and sewer to the City system and improving the street to City standards.

Proprietary Funds Overview

The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the governmentwide statements, but in more detail.

The City has two major enterprise-type proprietary funds, the Water Fund and Sewer Fund.

The Water Fund unrestricted net position was (\$43,823) as of June 30, 2018. Investment in capital, net of related debt is \$3,838,456 or 88% of total net position. These assets are acquired through the purchase of equipment, city construction and the donation of constructed infrastructure by subdivision developers. The Water Fund received \$740,306 from customers. Total operations resulted in a cash increase of \$67,766. Restricted net position accounts are maintained for future system expansion, replacement of capital assets, and one year's debt payment.

The Sewer Fund unrestricted net position was (\$180,165) as of June 30, 2018. Investment in capital, net of related debt is \$6,317,730 or 85% of total net position. These assets are typically acquired through the purchase of equipment, city construction and the donation of constructed infrastructure by subdivision developers. The Sewer Fund received \$984,087 from its customers. Total operations resulted in a cash increase for the year of \$143,494. Restricted net position accounts are maintained for future system expansion, replacement of capital assets, and one year's debt payment.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City's budget is prepared according to Montana Code 7-6-4020. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

In September of 2017, the City Council appropriated \$2,916,346 for General Fund expenditures. The budget anticipated using \$347,755 of fund balance.

	Final Budget	Actual
Fund Balance Carryover for appropriation	\$ 347,755	
Revenue and other financing sources	2,568,591	2,930,823
Expenditures and other financing uses	(2,916,346)	(2,882,250)
Available for fiscal year 2017-2018	0	48,573

2017-2018 General Fund Budget

Actual revenues and other financing sources came in 14% higher than anticipated with a difference of \$362,232 due to reporting the \$340,000 SID #38 Bond Proceeds in the General Fund. Aside from the bond proceeds, the actual difference was only \$22,232, less than 1%; and actual expenditures were \$34,096 (1%) less than anticipated, mainly due to accounting for the transfer out of the \$340,000 bond proceeds. Without the bond proceeds transfer, the actual expenditure difference was 13%, \$374,096 due to savings on contracted services for special planning, litigation services, facility repairs, and termination pay savings and planned projects that were not completed in the 2018 FY. The operating increase in cash was \$95,397.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The City of Columbia Falls' investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2018 totals \$20,092,864 (net of accumulated depreciation). The City's capital investment includes all land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. The City's asset capitalization is \$5,000 for machinery and equipment and other capital improvements. The depreciation of capital assets is reflected in the various governmental and business-type expense activities. The City of Columbia Falls depreciates its infrastructure, and the expense of depreciation is reflected in public works activities and in business activities for infrastructure associated with water and sewer lines.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Facility improvements included the installation of an HVAC system in the Fire Hall for a cost of \$15,703 and landscaping and fencing improvements at Horine Park for \$22,595.
- Equipment purchases included a Police Department command vehicle for \$40,647 and Sewer Plant Equipment totaling \$91,195 as detailed above.

- The City continued the cost-share program for the sidewalk improvements with \$15,000 in sidewalk installed during 2018. On the same block, the City shared in the cost of improving the drainage and pavement for \$9,750.
- The Riverwood SID project was substantially complete as of June 30, 2018. As discussed above, the project included reconstructing the street, and extending City Water and Sewer mains and service connections to the 27-lot subdivision. The project included the addition of fire hydrants and provided a second access to the subdivision. As of June 30, the street costs are reported in Construction in Progress for \$246,615 awaiting completion of the punch list, and Water and Sewer System costs were \$256,833 and \$569,032, respectively.

Long-term debt. The City's general obligation long term debt includes \$857,000 for the construction of the municipal pool in 1999. The outstanding balance of this debt is \$65,000 as of June 30, 2018. The debt will be retired in 2019. Voters approved the \$1.1 million Street Construction Project in June 2007 to be repaid with a 20-year debt service levy. The City borrowed \$703,287 from the Cedar Creek Trust and \$364,449 from the Intercap Program to pay for the Street Construction projects. The outstanding balance of this debt is \$362,862. The City borrowed \$115,365 from Intercap in 2013 to pay for the City's share of the Fire Apparatus. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2018 is \$53,633. Revenue bond long term debt issues as of the end of the fiscal year are reflected in the Water and Sewer Fund. The Sewer Fund borrowed \$124,625 from Intercap to pay for the new Camel Jet Rodder in 2012 and paid off the loan during the 2018 FY. The Water and Sewer revenue bonds were refunded in November 2012 primarily to reduce the interest rate on the outstanding issues. Following the statutory procedures, the City approved the issuance of \$340,000 of tax-exempt bonds for the homeowners' share of the Riverwood SID Project. This debt will be paid with a 20 year assessment on the subdivision homeowners. The City retired a total of \$402,763 of governmental and business-type debt in the 2018 FY. Additional information on The City of Columbia Falls' long-term debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of The City of Columbia Falls' finances for all those with an interest in the City's financial operations. The GASB (Governmental Accounting Standards Board) promulgates rules regulating reporting standards with the competing goals of fully informing the reader and making the information easily understood by the readers of the financial statements. The Management's Discussion and Analysis report has required elements to meet the GASB standards and is intended to summarize the report for the reader. We sincerely hope that the reader finds this summary useful. City staff prepares the AFR according to the required standards but are doubtful that either of the GASB goals are truly met. This year's report grew by an additional 10 pages to meet disclosure requirements. If the reader has any questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or would like additional financial information, requests should be addressed to Susan M. Nicosia, City Manager, 130 6th Street West, Room A, Columbia Falls, MT 59912.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2018

	P	rimary Government	:	Component Unit Fire Department				
	Governmental	Business-type		Relief				
	Activities	Activities	Total	Association				
Assets								
Current assets	*							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,432,343	\$ 200,879	\$ 1,633,222	\$ 536,041				
Taxes and Assessments Receivable	444,563	-	444,563	-				
Accounts/Other Receivables	76,092	173,897	249,989	-				
Current portion of loans receivable Internal Balances	43,267	-	43,267	-				
	(72,558)	72,558	-	-				
Current portion of contracts receivable Due from Other Governments	63,225 208,223	-	63,225	-				
Total Current Assets		-	208,223	536,041				
Total Current Assets	2,195,155	447,334	2,642,489	550,041				
Non-current Assets								
Restricted Cash	2,431,173	3,685,423	6,116,596	-				
Non-current Loan Receivable	184,135	-	184,135	-				
Capital assets-land	1,802,337	17,402	1,819,739	-				
Capital assets-construction in progress	246,615	-	246,615	-				
Capital assets-net of depreciation	6,874,726	11,151,784	18,026,510	-				
Total Non-current Assets	11,538,986	14,854,609	26,393,595	-				
Total Assets	13,734,141	15,301,943	29,036,084	536,041				
Deferred Outfleure of Decourses								
Deferred Outflows of Resources	200.020	110 227	425 457	0.726				
Contributions to Pension Plans	308,920	116,237	425,157	8,736 544,777				
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	14,043,061	15,418,180	29,461,241	544,777				
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 152,944	\$ 125,793	\$ 278,737	\$-				
Compensated Absences due within one year	102,589	51,955	154,544	-				
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	182,521	227,000	409,521	-				
Total Current Liabilities	438,054	404,748	842,802	-				
A								
Non-current Liabilities		4 4 700	44700					
Deposits Payable	-	14,700	14,700	-				
Compensated Absences	51,015	24,792	75,807	-				
Long-Term Debt	623,281	786,000	1,409,281	-				
Net Pension Liability Total Non-current Liabilities	1,277,009	504,105	1,781,114 3,280,902	736,453 736,453				
Total Liabilities	<u>1,951,305</u> 2,389,359	1,329,597 1,734,345	4,123,704	736,453				
Total Liabilities	2,369,339	1,734,343	4,123,704	/30,433				
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Pension Deferrals	54,568	25,370	79,938	57,534				
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	2,443,927	1,759,715	4,203,642	793,987				
Net Position	<u>.</u>	A 40 45 6 40 6		<u>,</u>				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 8,062,318	\$ 10,156,186	\$ 18,218,504	\$-				
Restricted for:	4 205 020		4 205 020					
General government	1,395,030	-	1,395,030	-				
Public works	307,342	2,412,527	2,719,869	-				
Housing & community development	415,995	-	415,995	-				
Culture & Recreation	80,090	-	80,090	-				
Bond indenture requirements		1,022,381	1,022,381	-				
Debt Service	454,597	291,359	745,956	-				
Unrestricted Total Net Position	883,762 \$ 11,599,134	(223,988) \$ 13,658,465	659,774 \$ 25,257,599	(249,210) \$ (249,210)				
	ייד די <i>ו געזי</i> יד אין דיידער אין דיידער דיידער אין דיידער אין די	÷ 13,030,403	ענו,ונג,ציג ל					

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

			Program Reve	nues		Net	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Pos			osition		
						F	rimary Government		Comp	onent Unit		
Functions/Programs				Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		Department f Association				
Primary government:												
Governmental activities:	¢ 7 42 422	¢ 44.262	*	*		ć (707.7c4)		ć (707.704)	<u>,</u>			
General government	\$ 742,123	\$ 14,362	\$	- \$	-	\$ (727,761)		\$ (727,761)	\$	-		
Public safety	1,613,717	433,097	219,710		-	(960,910)		(960,910)				
Public works	1,064,905	749,295	126,39	D .	-	(189,214)		(189,214)				
Public Health	4,250	-		-	-	(4,250)		(4,250)				
Culture and recreation	296,752	35,436	3,730)	-	(257,586)		(257,586)				
Housing/Community Development	25,876	52,627		-	-	26,751		26,751				
Interest expense	26,675	-		-	-	(26,675)		(26,675)				
Miscellaneous expense	81,457	-		-	-	(81,457)		(81,457)				
Total governmental activities	3,855,755	1,284,817	349,830	5	-	(2,221,102)		(2,221,102)		-		
Business-type activities:												
Water	880,547	745,644		-	-	-	(134,903)	(134,903)		-		
Water Capital Expansion	-	198,795				-	198,795	198,795		-		
Sewer	1,379,976	980,377		-	-	-	(399,599)	(399,599)		-		
Sewer Capital Expansion	-	189,686				-	189,686	189,686		-		
Total business-type activities	2,260,523	2,114,502			-		(146,021)	(146,021)		-		
Total primary government	\$ 6,116,278	\$ 3,399,319	\$ 349,830	<u>5</u> \$	-	(2,221,102)	(146,021)	(2,367,123)		-		
Component Unit:												
Fire Department Relief Association	\$ 56,818	\$-	\$	- \$	-					(56,818		
		General revenue	٥٢.									
		Property taxe				1,671,380	-	1,671,380		72,881		
		License and p	ermits			71,042	-	71,042				
		•	ederal/State sha	red revenues		722,716	-	722,716		20,059		
			nvestment earni			53,157	55,326	108,483		6,585		
		Miscellaneou		-8-		11,242		11,242		-,		
			of capital assets			3,250	_	3,250				
		Transfers in (•			(197,385)	197,385	5,250				
		•	eral revenues			2,335,402	252,711	2,588,113		99,525		
		-	ge in net positio	2		114,300	106,690	220,990		42,707		
			on-July 1, 2017 as		ortod	11,484,834		25,036,609		42,707 (291,917		
				previously repo	ureu	11,404,034	13,551,775	23,030,009		(291,917		
		Prior period a				- -	-	- -	ć	-		
See accompanying notes to the financial		Total net position	ni-Julie 30, 2018			\$ 11,599,134	\$ 13,658,465	\$ 25,257,599	\$	(249,210)		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2018

	General Fund	Ma	2500 cial Street intenance District	2700 Cedar Creek Trust		3538 Riverwood Debt Service		Other Governmenta Funds		Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets											
Current assets:	A 000.000										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 389,830	\$	91,762	\$	73,552	\$	-	\$	877,199	\$	1,432,343
Taxes and assessments receivable, net	37,521		8,178		-		322,999		75,865		444,563
Accounts Receivable, net	1,568		-		-		-		-		1,568
Current portion of loans receivable	-		-		45,407		-		-		45,407
Current portion of contracts receivable	63,225		-		-		-		-		63,225
Due from other governments	113,002		22,418		-		1,906		70,897		208,223
Total Current Assets	605,146		122,358		118,959		324,905		1,023,961		2,195,329
Non-current assets:											
Restricted Cash and cash equivalents	582,728		125,420		920,280		15,964		786,781		2,431,173
Noncurrent portion of loans receivable	562,728		123,420		256,519		15,904		780,781		256,519
Total Noncurrent Assets	582,728		125,420		1,176,799		15,964		786,781		2,687,692
Total Assets	\$ 1,187,874	\$	247,778	\$	1,295,758	\$	340,869	Ś	1,810,742	\$	4,883,021
	ŷ <u>1,107,074</u>	Ŷ	247,770	Ŷ	1,233,730	<u> </u>	3-10,003	<u> </u>	1,010,742	<u> </u>	4,003,021
Liabilities											
Current Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	106,681		6,728		-		-		39,535		152,944
Due to other funds	,				-		17,000				17,000
Total Current Liabilities	106,681		6,728		-		17,000		39,535		169,944
Total Liabilities	106,681		6,728		-		17,000		39,535		169,944
				-					<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Deferred property tax/special assmt rev	37,520		8,178		-		322,999		75,866		444,563
Deferred Contracts	63,225		-		-		-		-		63,225
Deferred Licenses/Fees	6,375		-		-		-		-		6,375
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	107,120		8,178		-		322,999		75,866		514,163
Fund Balance											
Non-Spendable loan receivable	\$-	\$	-	\$	301,926	\$	-	\$	-	\$	301,926
Restricted for:											
General government	-		-		920,280		-		462,758		1,383,038
Public Safety	-		-		-		-		111,662		111,662
Public Works	-		232,872		-		-		65,328		298,200
Housing & community development	-		-		-		-		80,090		80,090
Culture & Recreation	-		-		-		-		70,225		70,225
Debt service	-		-		-		870		-		870
Committed for:											
General government	582,728		-		-		-		-		582,728
Capital projects	-		-		-		-		905,278		905,278
Assigned to:											
Public Works	-		-		73,552		-		-		73,552
Unassigned	391,345		-		-		-		-		391,345
Total Fund Balance	974,073	·	232,872		1,295,758		870		1,695,341	<u> </u>	4,198,914
Total Linkillitian Defense du fierre of											
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 1,187,874	\$	247,778	ć	1,295,758	\$	340,869	\$	1,810,742	\$	4,883,021
Nesources and rullu Daldille	ې 1,107,074	ې	241,110	\$	1,293,130	Ş	340,003	Ş	1,010,742	Ş	4,003,021

RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

Fund balance as reported in the governmental fund statement	\$ 4,198,914
Add assets not reported in the governmental funds statements: Capital assets (net of depreciation)	8,923,678
Less liabilities not reported in the governmental fund statements:(805,802)Bond and notes payable(505,558)Advance from other Funds(55,558)Compensated absences(153,604)Net Pension Liability(1,277,009)	(2,291,973)
Deferred inflows for City Court contracts receivable recognized as revenue in the government-wide statements	63,225
Deferred inflows for property taxes and special assessments recognized as revenue in the government-wide statements	444,563
Deferred inflows for City licenses and fees recognized as revenue in the government-wide statements	6,375
Deferred outflows and inflows related to pension liabilities which are not receivable or payable in the current period, therefore not reported in the fund financial statements	
Deferred Outflows	308,920
Deferred Inflows	(54,568)
Net position as reported in the government-wide statement of net position	\$ 11,599,134
Can accompany the notes to the financial statements	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

	Ge	eneral Fund	2500 Special Street Maintenance nd District		2700 Cedar Creek Trust		3538 Riverwood Debt Service		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:												
Property Taxes/Assessments	\$	1,167,244	\$	305,766	\$	-	\$	25,568	\$	547,187	\$	2,045,765
License and Permits		70,417		-		-		-		157,911		228,328
Intergovernmental		924,711		-		-		-		129,410		1,054,121
Charges for Services		145,595		1,100		-		-				146,695
Fines and Forfeitures		169,098				-		-		5,086		174,184
Miscellaneous		2,778		5,842		-		-		65,373		73,993
Investment Earnings		12,557		2,486	<u> </u>	19,240	<u> </u>	165		18,709		53,157
Total Revenues	Ş	2,492,400	\$	315,194	\$	19,240	\$	25,733	\$	923,676	\$	3,776,243
Expenditures:												
General Government		692,370		-		-		-		5,086		697,456
Public Safety		1,393,522		-		-		-		130,266		1,523,788
Public Works		8,689		333,125		-		-		152,662		494,476
Public Health		4,250		-		-		-		-		4,250
Housing & Community Development		-		-		-		-		25,876		25,876
Culture and Recreation		199,497		-		-		-		-		199,497
Debt Service		11,530		-		-		15,693		145,466		172,689
Principal Interest		1,557		-		-		9,170		15,949		26,676
Capital Outlay		-		-		9,300		-		127,541		136,841
Miscellaneous		80,835		-		-		-		622		81,457
Total Expenditures		2,392,250		333,125		9,300		24,863		603,468		3,363,006
Excess (Deficiency) Revenues over Expenditures		100,150		(17,931)		9,940		870		320,208		413,237
Other Financing Sources (Uses):												
Bonds Issued		340,000		-		-		-		-		340,000
Transfers in		98,423		31,902		-		-		169,212		299,537
Transfers (Out)		(490,000)		(1,714)		-		-		(147,823)		(639,537)
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-		3,250		3,250
Total other financing sources and (uses)		(51,577)		30,188		-		-		24,639		3,250
Change in Fund Balance		48,573		12,257		9,940		870		344,847		416,487
Fund Balance:												
Beginning of the Year	\$	925,500	\$	220,615	\$	1,285,818	\$	-	\$	1,350,494	\$	3,782,427
Prior Period Adjustment		-		-		-		-		-		-
End of the Year	\$	974,073	\$	232,872	\$	1,295,758	\$	870	\$	1,695,341	\$	4,198,914

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

Changes in fund balances as reported in the governmental funds statement	\$ 416,487
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:	
Capital assets purchased Depreciation expense	136,841 (759,093)
	(759,095)
Contributions of capital assets are not recognized in the governmental fund	
statements but are recognized in the government wide statement of activities.	77,958
Capital contributions made from proprietary funds to governmental funds are	
recognized on the proprietary statement but not on the governmental fund	
statements. The capital contributions become transfers between funds on the	
government wide statement of activities.	142,615
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial	
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:	
Taxes and assessments receivable (change in deferred revenues)	295,725
City Court contracts (change in deferred revenues)	(4,794)
City license fees (change in deferred revenues)	625
Pension contributions from State of Montana	18,432
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the	
repayment reduces long-term debt in the Statement of Net Position:	
Long-term debt principal payments	172,689
Debt Issuance	(340,000)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of	
current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in	
governmental fund financial statements:	25 210
Change in accrued compensated absences	25,218
Change in pension accruals	(68,403)
Changes in net position on the statement of activities	\$ 114,300

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2018

	Major Enter	rprise Funds		
	Water-5210	Sewer-5310	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals
Assets	water-3210	Sewei-5510	Tuilds	Totals
Current assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 152,840	\$ 48,039	\$-	\$ 200,879
Accounts Receivable	5 152,840	5 48,039 75,845	40,843	3 200,87 <i>9</i> 173,897
Current portion of loans receivable	4,315	2,559	40,045	6,874
Total Current Assets	214,364	126,443	40,843	381,650
		120,110		
Non-current assets:				
Restricted Cash and cash equivalents	543,795	1,251,679	1,889,949	3,685,423
Loan Receivable	30,666	35,018	-	65,684
Capital assets - land	17,402	-	-	17,402
Capital assets - construction in progress	-	-	-	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	4,022,054	7,129,730		11,151,784
Total Noncurrent Assets	4,613,917	8,416,427	1,889,949	14,920,293
Total Assets	4,828,281	8,542,870	1,930,792	15,301,943
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals	F3 46F	c2 072		110 227
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	53,165	63,072		116,237
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	53,105	63,072		116,237
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	4,881,446	8,605,942	1,930,792	15,418,180
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	47,758	78,035	_	125,793
Accrued payables	47,750	70,035	_	125,755
Current portion of long-term liabilities	26,000	201,000	_	227,000
Current portion of compensated absences payable	25,991	25,964	_	51,955
Total Current Liabilities	99,749	304,999		404,748
Non-current Liabilities				
Deposits payable	14,700	-	-	14,700
Noncurrent portion of long-term liabilitiies	175,000	611,000	-	786,000
Noncurrent portion of compensated absences	11,396	13,396	-	24,792
Noncurrent portion of net pension liability	230,569	273,536	-	504,105
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	431,665	897,932	-	1,329,597
Total Liabilities	531,414	1,202,931	-	1,734,345
Deferred Inflows of Resources	11.004	42 766		25.270
Pension deferrals	11,604	13,766		25,370
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	11,604	13,766	<u>-</u>	25,370
Net Position				
Net investment in Capital Assets	\$ 3,838,456	\$ 6,317,730	\$-	\$ 10,156,186
Restricted for Bond indenture requirements	508,487	513,894	-	1,022,381
Restricted for Public Works-Syst Expansion/Improv	-	481,735	1,930,792	2,412,527
Restricted for Debt Service	35,308	256,051	-	291,359
Unrestricted	(43,823)	(180,165)	-	(223,988)
Total Net Position	\$ 4,338,428	\$ 7,389,245	\$ 1,930,792	\$ 13,658,465

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

	Major Enterprise Funds							
	Water-5210		Sewer-5310		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds			Totals
Operating Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	739,121	\$	972,396	\$	388,481	\$	2,099,998
Miscellaneous revenues		4,671		6,882		-		11,553
Special assessments		1,852		1,099		-		2,951
Total Operating Revenues		745,644		980,377		388,481		2,114,502
Operating Expenses								
Personal services		290,480		358,730		-		649,210
Supplies		81,136		112,883		-		194,019
Purchased services		310,271		353,780		-		664,051
Fixed charges		10,703		26,557		-		37,260
Bad debt expense		201		225		-		426
Depreciation		182,795		508,196		-		690,991
Total Operating Expenses		875,586		1,360,371		-		2,235,957
Operating Income (Loss)		(129,942)		(379,994)		388,481		(121,455)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)								
Interest revenue		11,020		18,812		25,494		55,326
Debt service interest expense		(4,961)		(19,605)		-		(24,566)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		6,059		(793)		25,494		30,760
Change in Net Position before Transfers & Capital								
Contributions		(123,883)		(380,787)		413,975		(90,695)
Transfers in Transfer (out)		-		340,000 -		-		340,000
Capital contributions		(47,063)		(95,552)		-		(142,615)
Transfers (net) & Capital Contributions		(47,063)		244,448		-	_	197,385
Change in Net Position		(170,946)		(136,339)		413,975		106,690
Net Position - Beginning of the year Restatements	\$	4,509,374	\$	7,525,584	\$	1,516,817	\$	13,551,775
Total Net Position - End of the year	\$	4,338,428	\$	7,389,245	\$	1,930,792	\$	13,658,465

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

Water-5210 Sewer-5310 Funds Totals Cash flows from operating activities: (393,949) (491,819) - (885,768) Cash paid to suppleyes (281,141) (348,774) - (629,915) Cash paid to employees (281,141) (348,774) - (252,915) Cash received (paid) from customer deposits 2,550 - - 2,7550 Net cash provided by operating activities: 67,766 143,494 398,862 610,122 Cash feewide (paid) from customer deposits 2,550 - 10,436) 340,000 - 340,000 - 340,000 - 340,000 - 340,000 - 340,000 - 340,000 - 340,000 - 340,000 - 340,000 - 340,000 - 340,000 - 340,000 - 340,000 - 340,000 - 340,000 - 340,000 - 340,000 - 10,436) - 10,436) - 10,42,615) - (142,615)
Cash received from customers \$ 740,306 \$ 984,087 \$ 398,862 \$ 2,123,255 Cash paid to suppliers (393,949) (494,819) - (885,768) Cash paid to suppliers (281,141) (348,774) - (259,915) Cash provided by operating activities 2,550 - - 2,550 Net cash provided by operating activities: 67,766 143,494 398,862 610,122 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: - 340,000 - 340,000 Net cash (used for) provided by non capital financing activities: - 340,000 - 340,000 Net cash (used for) provided by non capital financing activities: - 325,545 - 329,564 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: (136,775) (407,455) - (142,615) Purchases/construction of capital assets (136,775) (407,455) - (24,567) Net cash used for capital and related financing activities (214,799) (733,251) - (948,050) Cash flo
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Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash
provided (used) by operating activities:
Depreciation 182,795 508,196 - 690,991
(Increase) Decrease in accounts receivable (5,337) 3,710 10,381 8,754
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits 2,550 2,550
Increase (decrease) in warrants/accounts payable 8,361 1,626 - 9,987
Increase (decrease) in due from other funds (4,119) (2,445) - (6,564)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable 5,790 8,772 - 14,562
(Increase) decrease in due to/from other funds 4,119 2,445 - 6,564
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability 17,373 17,131 - 34,504
(Increase) Decrease in deferred outflows-pension (17,441) (20,108) - (37,549)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows-pension 3,617 4,161 - 7,778
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities \$ 67,766 \$ 143,494 \$ 398,862 \$ 610,122

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2018

	Agency Funds	
Assets		
Cash and Investments	\$	84,867
Total Assets	\$	84,867
Liabilities		
Warrants payable	\$	84,867
Total Liabilities	\$	84,867

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Introduction

The financial statements of the City of Columbia Falls, Montana (the City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles in the United States of America (US GAAP). The accounting and reporting framework and the significant accounting principles and practices of the City are discussed in the sections of this Note. The remaining Notes are organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

2. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The City is a political subdivision of the State of Montana, incorporated in 1909. On March 5, 1992, by lawful authority, the City established a Commission/Manager form of government. The City is governed by a city commission, composed of six commissioners and a mayor, elected at large by voters of the City.

The City is considered a primary government because it is a general-purpose local government. Further, it meets the following criteria: (a) it has a separately elected governing body (b) it is legally separate and (c) it is fiscally independent from the State and other local governments.

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB. These financial statements present the City and its component unit. The discretely presented component unit is reported in separate columns in the basic financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

The Fire Relief Association Disability and Pension Fund is a discretely presented component unit of the City. The City is financially accountable, by law, to ensure that the Fire Relief Association and Pension Fund is properly funded based upon actuarial valuation of the liability to pay the retirement and disability benefits of the City's volunteer firefighters. The City is also responsible for the collection of taxes and intergovernmental revenues for the Fire Relief Association Disability and Pension Fund. The Fire Relief Association Disability and Pension Fund. The Fire Relief Association Disability and Pension Fund has a June 30 year end. This component unit is presented discretely in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

3. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements report financial information for the primary government (the City) and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities.

These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed primarily through taxes, assessments, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for services provided.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, assessments and charges paid by the recipients of good or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB 34 in regard to inter-fund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - *governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* – are presented. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, the total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, the total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise funds are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or

c. If an individual fund has met the minimum criteria for mandatory major fund reporting in some years but not in others, the City may elect to always report it as a major fund to enhance consistency from year to year.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund.</u> This is the City's primary operating fund, which accounts for all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in other funds. It accounts for many of the City's general and administrative services, such as legislative, financial, legal, police, fire and parks.

<u>Street Maintenance Fund.</u> This special revenue fund accounts for the special maintenance assessment charged for the direct street, alley and sidewalk operational and maintenance costs including, but not limited to, snow removal, street sweeping, and minor and major repairs. The street maintenance assessment is set each year by the City Council pursuant to state statute.

<u>Cedar Creek Trust Fund.</u> This special revenue fund was created by resolution adopted by the City of Columbia Falls Council. Per the trust document, funds can be used for land or building purchases benefiting the citizens of Columbia Falls, as well as loans of the principal or interest where a benefit would be realized by the citizens. Principal can only be spent or loaned by the Council by consent of a minimum of five of the seven members.

<u>Riverwood Debt Service Fund.</u> This debt service fund accounts for all financial transactions related to the debt on the Riverwood Special Improvement District (SID). Improvements included connecting water and sewer to the City system and improving the street to City standards.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

<u>Water Fund.</u> This fund accounts for the operating revenues and expenses of the public water utility system. This fund is maintained on the full accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Sewer Fund.</u> This fund accounts for the operating revenues and expenses of the public sewer system. This fund is maintained on the full accrual basis of accounting.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

Agency. The City has three agency funds: Payroll, Claims and Flex Funds. Agency funds have no measurement focus.

4. Measurement Focus, Basis of Presentation and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

Government-wide and *Proprietary Statements*. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Non-exchange transactions, are transactions in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measureable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes, licenses, and interest on investments are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Property taxes not meeting the revenue recognition criteria at year-end have been reported as unavailable revenue.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements and State law, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net positions available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

In accordance with provisions of Montana statutes, the City finances both capital improvements and certain services deemed to benefit specific properties by levying special assessments against the benefited properties. Special assessments are levied against property in a manner similar to ad valorem property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish between operating revenues and expenses and non-operating items. Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

5. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments may include cash and cash items; demand, time, savings, and fiscal agent deposits; investments in the State Short-Term Investment Pool (STIP); repurchase agreements, U.S. government treasury bills, notes, bonds, and other treasury obligations such as state and local government series; general obligations of certain agencies of the United States such as Federal

Home Loan Bank; and U.S. government security money market funds if the fund meets certain conditions. Cash resources of the individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments that is managed by the City Treasurer and City Manager in accordance with the City's Investment Policy. Investments of the pooled cash consist primarily of demand deposits, government backed securities and investments with STIP. Interest income earned as a result of pooling is distributed monthly to the appropriate funds based on the month-end balance of cash in each fund.

The City issues checks in payment of its obligations drawn on either the Claims Fund or Payroll Fund, both agency funds. No outstanding checks are reported in the governmental or proprietary funds. Investments are reported at fair value in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the City considers all funds, including restricted assets, held in the City's cash management pool to be cash equivalents.

6. <u>Receivables and Payables</u>

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. Outstanding receivables and payables are classified as "due to/from other funds" (current portion) or "advances to/from other funds" (non-current portion) on the fund balance sheets. All amounts are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position other then any outstanding balances between governmental-type and business-type that are classified as "internal balances."

Long-term advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in the applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not expendable, available financial resources.

All trade, taxes and assessment receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Receivables are reviewed prior to year-end and written off if older than 360 days and not secured by real property. Water and wastewater receivables constitute a lien on the property per City Ordinance. The lien must be paid before property is transferred to a new property owner. The only uncollectible accounts incurred in these funds are immaterial and relate to bankruptcy proceedings that are written off immediately after court proceedings are finalized. As such, the balance of the allowance as of June 30 was \$ - 0 -.

Real Property taxes are levied and collected by Flathead County and are payable in two installments due November 30 and May 31. The county assesses penalty and interest after these dates and pursues collection through the statutory tax deed process when necessary. Uncollectible taxes result from protested taxes. Decisions by the tax appeal board on protested taxes are generally made prior to fiscal year-end for that year's taxes. All remaining receivables constitute a lien on the property and are eventually collected. As of June 30, there were no taxes receivable considered a material uncollectible.

7. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of supplies and other expendable items are expensed at the time of purchase in the governmental fund types. The City does not maintain any material inventories within the enterprise funds and therefore expenses any items at the time of purchase. Prepaid expenses, if any, represent payments to vendors that benefit future reporting periods and are reported on the consumption basis.

8. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Certain proceeds of the City's enterprise fund revenue bonds and loans, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Restricted assets also reflect amounts set aside by the City Council as cash reserves to fund future needs. The Cedar Creek Trust document restricts the principal portion to purchase other land or buildings with at least five (5) members approving such a purchase.

The City's policy for using restricted or unrestricted cash reflects the bond covenant restrictions, grant requirements or City Policy. Other long-term reserves are invested as allowed and are not used for any type of expenditure except as allowed by the bond covenants, Trust Document or City Policy.

9. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Additionally, on the governmental funds balance sheet, these include the net uncollected property tax and special assessment receivables, licenses/permits and court fine receivables.

10. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

11. Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets used in governmental fund types are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the Statement of Net Position. Capital assets of propriety funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are used.

All purchased capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000 with a useful life of at least five years. Streets, alleys and sidewalks are capitalized by

specified criteria and not by a dollar threshold. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset, or materially extend the assets' useful life, are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of all governmental fund capital assets, except land and construction in progress, is charged as an expense to the proper function in the Statement of Activity, but not in the governmental fund statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Depreciation of all capital assets, except land, easements and construction in progress, used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the proprietary funds' Statement of Net Position. However, it is shown net of asset's installed cost on the Statement of Net Position for all fund types presented.

Depreciation on assets is provided over their estimated useful lives on the straight-line method. The useful lives of these assets have been estimated as follows:

Buildings	50-75 years
Building Improvements	50-75 years
Equipment other than Vehicles	20-30 years
Public Domain Infrastructure	20 years
System Infrastructure	40 years
Vehicles	6-10 years
Heavy Equipment	10-20 years
Office/computer Equipment	5 years

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 34 which required governments to make retroactive reporting of infrastructure at its historical cost for all assets or just those acquired after June 30, 2008. The City of Columbia Falls recorded the estimated historical value of infrastructure as of June 30, 2007. GASB Statement 51 required governments to record the value of easements it owns for fiscal year 2010. Based on Montana statute, the City concluded that the estimated historical value of easements which the City would own, are not material and accordingly, did not record the value of easements. In most instances, the easements are recorded on the property without transfer of ownership.

12. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy and state law to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation benefits, which will be paid to employees upon separation from City service. Employees are allowed to accumulate and carryover a maximum of two times their annual accumulation of vacation. Any excess over the maximum must be used by 90 days into the new calendar year. State law and City policy allows excess vacation hours to be carried until the end of the calendar year under certain circumstances. There is no restriction of the amount of sick leave that may be accumulated. Upon separation, employees are paid 100 percent of accumulated vacation and 25 percent of accumulated sick leave. The liability for compensated absences is reported in the government-wide and proprietary Statements of Net Position.

Compensated absences liability and expense are reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured. This would occur if an employee had terminated their employment with the City and there was unused reimbursable leave that was unpaid at June 30.

13. Long-term Obligations

In the Statement of Net Position and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

14. Pensions

The City participates in three cost-sharing defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board (PERB). For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), Municipal Police Officers Retirement System (MPORS), Firefighters Unified Retirement System (FURS) and additions to/deductions from PERB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERB. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The City also participates in a defined contribution plan offered by PERB. There is no liability associated with this type of pension plan unless the City fails to pay the required contributions. The City has paid all required contributions.

15. Postemployment Benefits

The City accounts for postemployment benefit obligations in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

As required by state law (MCA 2-18-704), the City allows its employees who retire and their spouses and dependents the option to continue to participate in the City's group health insurance plan.

As calculated using the alternative method for smaller governments and applying the participation rate, the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits was immaterial to the financial statements. The City will continue to fund benefit costs on a pay-as-you-go basis.

16. Net Position/Fund Balance

Net position in government-wide and propriety fund financial statements show the amount of the capital assets less any outstanding debt issued to fund them as "Net Investment in Capital Assets." Restricted net position are those that have constraints placed on them either by external parties or imposed by law or enabling legislation.

GASB Statement 54 requires governmental fund balances to be allocated to categories as follows:

- Nonspendable funds that are not in spendable form (i.e. inventory);
- Restricted externally enforceable legal restrictions exist, such as state law or bond covenants;
- Committed constraint formally imposed by the City Council by the end of the reporting period;
- Assigned constrained imposed by the City Administration by the reporting date;
- Unassigned remaining balance.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board adopted Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Type Fund Type Definitions effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2010. As required by GASB 54, the City adopted Resolution 1614 setting the fund balance policy including the order of spending and designating authority.

17. Grant Revenue

The City recognizes grant income on governmental-mandated and voluntary non-exchange transactions when all eligibility requirements have been met. Cash or other assets provided in advance are reported as unearned grant revenue until all eligibility requirements have been met.

18. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except interfund services provided and used are reported as transfers.

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

1. Budgetary Data

The State of Montana's budget law stipulates that money, other than payments from agency funds, may not be drawn from the treasury of a municipality except pursuant to an appropriation. Therefore, a legally adopted budget is required for all funds, with the exception of agency funds. The City legally adopts a budget for the required funds.

2. <u>Budget Process</u>

The City Manager is responsible for preparation of the preliminary annual budget. The City Council approves and/or modifies the budget. The City Council must meet prior to the budget adoption for the purpose of holding a public hearing on the final budget. This hearing can be continued until the budget is finally approved and adopted on or before the first Thursday after the first Tuesday in September or within 30 calendar days after receiving certified taxable values from the State Department of Revenue. The total value of property within the City as determined by the County Assessor is the assessed valuation.

The City Council modified the 2018 budget in June 2018 for the purpose of adopting a budget for the Tax Increment District Fund, Fund 2310, with the adoption of Resolution #1772. The City Council gave public notice and held a public hearing for the purpose of taking public comment on the proposed Tax Increment District Fund budget. The City had created the Tax Increment District in 2015 in compliance with state statutes. The 2016 certified value provided the initial incremental value which the county-wide levies had been set and the MT Department of Revenue and Flathead County applied the levies to incremental value. The Council adopted budget appropriations in the amount of \$315,000 pursuant to activities designated in the Urban Renewal Plan adopted for the Tax Increment District.

Additionally in June 2018, the City Council adopted Resolution #1771 amending the 2018 FY Building Code Enforcement Fund (2393) and Crime Victims Assistance Fund (2917). Both funds experienced more revenues than expected along with additional contracted services and operational costs.

The City's assessed valuation and mill value as certified by the MT Department of Revenue in August 2017 were \$444,067,710 and \$6,946 respectively. The City's mill levy totaled 216.349 mills including a 166.030 all-purpose levy, 10.470 mills for the Fire Relief Pension Fund, 18.491 for the Permissive Medical Levy and 21.358 mills for the two voted levies for general obligation bonds: 1999 Swimming Pool Bond and 2007 Street Improvements Bond.

The City Clerk forwards a copy of the final budget to the State Department of Administration no later than October 1st of each year. A copy of the final budget is available for review in the City Clerk's office located at 130 6th Street West, Columbia Falls, Montana and on the City's website at cityofcolumbiafalls.org. The tax levies and special assessments are forwarded to the County Treasurer for collection.

All appropriations lapse at the end of the year.

3. Negative Fund and Net Position Balances

The City had no major funds with negative fund or net position balances. Additionally, the City had no non-major funds with negative fund or net position balances.

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A summary of cash and investments at June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Total
Cash on Hand	\$ 500
Flex Advance	6,693
Demand Deposits	893,690
Government Backed Securities	2,495,000
State Short-term Investment Pool	4,438,802
Total	\$ 7,834,685
Demand Deposits Government Backed Securities State Short-term Investment Pool	\$ 893,690 2,495,000 4,438,802

Cash and Investment Policies

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The City's policy requires all deposits be insured by an agency of the United States Government and deposits in excess of insurance require pledged securities in compliance with section 7-6-207 of the Montana Code Annotated (MCA), which requires the City obtain securities for the uninsured portion of the deposits equal to 50% of such deposits if the institution in which the deposits are made has a net worth to total asset ratio of 6% or more or securities equal to 100% of uninsured deposits if the institution in which the deposits are made has a net worth to total asset ratio of less than 6%. State statute does not specify in whose custody or name the collateral is to be held. Third party safekeeping of collateral is mandatory and pledged securities are valued at market rather than face value. The amount of collateral held for the City's pooled deposits as of June 30, 2018 was \$1,174,030 which exceeds the amount required by statute. At June 30, 2018, 100% of the City's deposits were insured or collateralized.

Investments

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterpart to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investing is performed in accordance with investment policies adopted by City Council complying with State Statutes and any applicable Attorney General, County Attorney and the City's retained counsel's opinions. The City's policy to minimize credit risk is to:

- Limit investing to the safest types of securities;
- Pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisers with which the City will do business;
- Diversify the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's policy to minimize interest rate risk is to:

- Structure the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity;
- Investing operating funds primarily in short-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools.

Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investments in a single issuer. The City's investment policy requires that investments be diversified in instruments, institutions and maturity dates.

External Investment Pool

The City invests in the Short-Term Investment Pool (STIP) managed by the State of Montana Board of Investments. The Board was created by the Legislature to invest and manage Montana's Unified Investment Program. Local Governments may voluntarily participate in STIP. The City elected to participate in STIP effective July 1, 1994.

The pool invests in short-term, highly liquid investments, and as such, the City has reported these investments as cash equivalents. Amounts invested by the City in STIP may be redeemed at any date at the carrying value on that date. Audited financial statements for the State of Montana's Board of Investments are available at 2401 Colonial Drive, 3rd Floor, Helena, MT 59620.

Investments in the pool are reported at fair value. The fair value of pooled investments is determined annually and is based on year-end market prices. The unit value of the pool is fixed at \$1 for both participant redemptions and purchases. Investments in STIP are carried at amortized cost or "book" value. STIP is managed to closely align fair value with amortized cost. STIP income is automatically reinvested in additional units. STIP is not rated by a national rating agency.

The City's investment in STIP amounts to 0.149% of total STIP assets. The investments managed by the City were 57% invested in STIP. For the year ended June 30, 2018, STIP's average rate of return was 1.476556%.

The investments managed by the City were 11% invested in an interest bearing account secured as noted above with Glacier Bank. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the average investment return on this account was 0.40%. The remaining 32% of the investment portfolio, \$2,495,000, is invested through Multi-Bank Securities, Inc. in government backed Certificates of Deposit and US Government Bonds with interest rates ranging from 1.2% - 3.1%.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

• U.S. Government Bonds of \$1,947,714 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs).

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in general capital assets were as follows:

	Bala	nce June 30, Debits		Credits	Balance June 30, 2018	
Cost:						
Capital assets not depreciated:						
Land	\$	1,802,337	\$	-	\$ - \$	\$ 1,802,337
Construction in progress		59,374		187,241	-	246,615
Capital assets depreciated:						
Buildings		2,643,573		-	-	2,643,573
Improvements		1,026,235		22,595	-	1,048,830
Machinery and equipment		2,510,574		56,349	(81,682)	2,485,241
Infrastructure		9,852,906		91,228	-	9,944,134
Total		17,894,999		357,413	(81,682)	18,170,730
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:		(8,569,641)		(759,093)	81,682	(9,247,052)
Net Capital Assets	\$	9,325,358	\$	(401,680)	\$ - \$	\$ 8,923,678

Changes in proprietary fund capital assets were as follows:

	ce June 30, 2017	Debits		Credits	Bal	ance June 30, 2018
Cost:						
Capital assets not depreciated:						
Land	\$ 17,402	\$ -	\$	-	\$	17,402
Construction Work in Progress	372,560	(372,560)				-
Capital assets depreciated:						
Source of Supply	1,758,428	-		-		1,758,428
Pumping Plant	559,889	-		-		559,889
Treatment Plant	8,286,265	-		-		8,286,265
Transmission and Distribution	11,836,502	825,866		-		12,662,368
General Plant	2,522,335	90,925		(8,700)		2,604,560
Total	25,353,381	544,231		(8,700)		25,888,912
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(14,037,435)	(690,991)		8,700		(14,719,726)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 11,315,946	\$ (146,760)	\$	-	\$	11,169,186

Governmental activities depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 42,103
Public Safety	80,607
Public Works	549,995
Culture and Recreation	 86,388
Total governmental activities depreciation	\$ 759,093

NOTE E - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term Debt Supporting Government Activities

General obligation bonds in the amount of \$857,000 were issued by the City in 1999 to provide funds for the construction of the municipal pool, as approved by the voters and repaid with property taxes recorded in the Debt Service Fund. These bonds are required to be paid within twenty years from the date of issue and are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The City redeemed \$60,000 in bonds during the 2018 fiscal year, leaving an outstanding balance of \$65,000.

General obligation debt, in the form of a loan from Cedar Creek Trust, was issued by the City to provide funds for the improvement of City streets, as approved by the voters in June 2007 and repaid with property taxes recorded in the Debt Service Funds. The loan is required to be paid within twenty years from the date of issue and is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. As of June 30, 2018, the City had drawn down a total of \$703,287 from the Trust, and repaid \$41,795 during the 2018 fiscal year, leaving an outstanding balance of \$227,402. As of August 2011, the City closed on a State of MT Intercap Loan in the amount of \$364,449 to cover the final Street Improvement expenditures, repaying \$37,108 during 2018, leaving an outstanding balance of \$135,460 as of June 30, 2018. The City will use the Debt Service authorization to repay the Cedar Creek Trust and the Intercap Loan.

The loan from the Cedar Creek Trust is treated as an external debt borrowing pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles. The loan by the Trust was approved by at least five (5) members of the City Council and then submitted to the electorate for approval. Pursuant to the Trust Document, loans of the principal must be secured and the loan agreement and security approved by the City Attorney and an independent financial consultant. The City Council approved loaning the City up to \$1.1 million for specific street improvements from the Cedar Creek Trust to save interest, closing and bond costs. To provide the required security, the City Council called for an election approving the debt for up to \$1.1 million. The electorate approved the debt obligation in June 2007. The City Council approved setting the annual interest rate based on the current rates earned by the City's investment pool.

After beginning the Street Improvement Project, the City Council had the opportunity to purchase approximately 28 acres of parkland, including 900 ft of river frontage for \$951,072. Upon the vote of at least five (5) City Council members, the purchase of the land was approved in the fall of 2007. Unfortunately shortly after the purchase, sales of lots halted due to the declining economy and the Trust did not have the available cash to fund the entire \$1.1 million street improvement project along with the land purchase. City Council approved an Intercap Loan with the State of MT to fund any potential shortfall after all of the street projects were completed. In June 2011, the City applied for an Intercap Loan in the amount of \$364,449 to cover the final street construction costs and in August 2011 closed on the loan. The City has drawn down funds as available in the Cedar Creek Trust. Due to the favorable Intercap Loan terms, the Council will review annually paying the loan early or paying the Intercap Loan in accordance with the loan agreement. As of June 30, 2018, the Cedar Creek Trust had a total cash balance of \$993,832, consisting of \$73,552 unrestricted and \$920,280 restricted funds.

The City purchased a new fire apparatus in July 2012 for a total cost of \$322,762. This purchase was made cooperatively with the Columbia Falls Rural Fire District pursuant to an interlocal agreement with the Rural District contributing \$205,763 or 64%. The City borrowed \$115,365 from

the State of MT Intercap Loan program to pay for the City's share of the truck purchase. The City received the \$115,365 in proceeds in August 2012 and repaid \$11,530 during the 2018 fiscal year, leaving a balance of \$53,633 as of June 30, 2018.

In October, 2017 the City adopted Resolution #1762 approving issuance of Tax Exempt bonds in the amount of \$340,000. The bonds were issued for Riverwood SID#38. The proceeds of the tax exempt bonds were used to finance certain local improvements for the benefit of the properties located within the district. The City repaid \$15,693 during the 2018 fiscal year leaving a balance of \$324,307 as of June 30, 2018.

Purpose:	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Bond Term	Maturity Date	Annual Payment	nds/Debt Issued	_	Balance une 30, 2018
Swimming Pool	6/27/1999	4-6.5%	20 yrs	7/1/2019	Varies	\$ 857,000	\$	65,000
Street Improvements	6/26/2007	Var	20 yrs	7/1/2027	Varies	\$ 703,287	\$	227,402
Street Improvements-Intercap	8/26/2011	1.0-1.25%	10 yrs	8/15/2021	Varies	\$ 364,449	\$	135,460
Fire Apparatus-Intercap	8/31/2012	1.0-1.25%	10 yrs	8/15/2022	Varies	\$ 115,365	\$	53,633
Special Improvement District # 38	11/2/2017	4.16%	20 yrs	7/1/2037	Varies	\$ 340,000	\$	324,307
							\$	805,802

General obligation bonds and debt outstanding as of June 30, 2018, were as follows:

Changes in long-term debt were as follows:

	Balance				Balance		
	J	une 30,		June 30,		An	nount due
	2017 Change 2018		2018	i	n 2019		
General Obligation Bonds	\$	125,000	\$ (60,000)	\$	65,000	\$	65,000
General Obligation Debt		506,927	(90,432)		416,495		92,775
Special Assessment Debt		-	324,307		324,307		17,891
Compensated Absences		178,822	(25,218)		153,604		102,589
Total	\$	810,749	\$ 148,657	\$	959,406	\$	278,255

Annual requirement to amortize general obligation debt:

	F	Principal	h	nterest
2019	\$	157,775	\$	12,500
2020		87,284		6,309
2021		88,631		4,278
2022		69,616		2,196
2023		44,282		1,057
Thereafter		33,907		744
Total	\$	481,495	\$	27,084

Legal Debt Margin:

At June 30 the general obligation debt issued by the City did not exceed its legal debt margin as demonstrated by the following computation:

Total Assessed value of taxable property (market value)	\$444,067,710
General limitation percentage	<u>2.50%</u>
General limit of indebtedness	\$ 11,101,693
Outstanding general obligation bonds at June 30	65,000
Outstanding loans subject to limitation	<u>416,495</u>
Total Debt subject to limit	<u>481,495</u>
Remaining Legal Debt Margin	<u>\$ 10,620,198</u>

Long-term Debt Supporting Business-type Activities

Changes in long-term debt were as follows:

	Balance		Balance	Amount
	June 30,		June 30,	due in
	2017	Change	2018	2019
Revenue Bonds	\$1,237,000	\$(224,000)	\$1,013,000	\$227,000
Intercap Loan	12,638	(12,638)	-	-
Compensated Absences	62,183	14,564	76,747	51,955
Total	\$1,311,821	\$(222,074)	\$1,089,747	\$278,955

Revenue Bonds

The City issues bonds where the City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

Revenue bonds outstanding at year-end were as follows:

Purpose	Origination Date	Interest Rate	Bond Term	Maturity Date	Bon	ds Amount	Annual Payment	Balance 30-Jun-18
Water System Revenue Refunding Bond	2005	2.25%	12 yrs	7/1/2025	\$	350,000	Varies	\$ 201,000
Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bond	2001	2.25%	7 yrs	7/1/2020		1,248,000	Varies	330,000
Sewer System Revenue Bond	2009B	0.75%	20 yrs	7/1/2029		359,300	Varies	203,000
Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bond	2009C	3.00%	18 yrs	7/1/2030		385,000	Varies	279,000
Total					\$	2,342,300		\$ 1,013,000

In November 2012, the City issued Water System Revenue Refunding and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds through the State of Montana, Department of Natural Resources, Drinking Water Revolving Fund Loan Program and the Wastewater Revolving Fund Loan Program to take advantage of current interest rates. The City's Series 2005 Water system bonds with an outstanding amount of \$350,000 were refunded and the interest rate reduced from 4.0% to 2.25%, resulting in a savings of \$43,907. The City's Series 2001 Sewer system bonds with an outstanding balance of \$1,248,000 were refunded and the interest rate reduced from 4.0% to 2.25%. Additionally, the Series 2009C Sewer system bonds with an outstanding amount of \$385,000 were refunded and the interest rate reduced from 4.0% to 2.25%. Series 2009C Sewer system bonds with an outstanding amount of \$385,000 were refunded and the interest rate reduced from 4.0% to 2.25%. Additionally, the interest rate reduced from 3.75% to 3.0%. The Sewer system bond refunding's resulted in a savings of \$156,285.

Revenue bond resolutions include various restrictive covenants. The more significant covenants 1) require that cash be restricted and reserved for operations, construction, debt service, and replacement and depreciation; 2) specify minimum required operating revenue; and 3) specific and timely reporting of financial information to bond holders and the registrar. The City was in compliance with applicable covenants as of June 30, 2018, as indicated below:

Debt Service Coverage:	Water			Sewer
Operating Revenues	\$	745,644	\$	980,377
Operating Expenses		689,075		843,814
Net Revenue		56,569		136,563
Max Debt Service	\$	35,994	\$	234,056
Percent Coverage		157.16%		58.35%

Annual requirement to amortize revenue bond and loan debt:

For Fiscal Year	Р	rincipal	Ir	nterest
2019	\$	227,000	\$	19,875
2020		233,000		15,264
2021		66,000		11,389
2022		68,000		10,009
2023		70,000		8,573
Thereafter		349,000		24,968
Total	\$ 1	1,013,000	\$	90,076

NOTE F - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Pension Plans - General Information:

All full-time, qualifying part-time and elective City employees are covered by one of the following retirement plans: Montana Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), Municipal Police Officers' Retirement System (MPORS), and Firefighter Unified Retirement System (FURS). The plans are established by State law and administered by the State of Montana Public Employees' Retirement Board (PERB). The authority to establish or amend contribution requirements for all

plans, and provide cost of living adjustments for defined benefit plans is assigned to the State legislature. PERB issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for these plans. It is available from the Montana Public Employees' Retirement Administration (MPERA) at 100 North Park Avenue, Suite 200, P.O. Box 200131, Helena, MT, 59620-0131 or at their website, <u>http://mpera.mt.gov</u>. The Plans are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans that provide retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries with amounts determined by the State. PERS also has a defined contribution option.

The Montana Public Employees Retirement Administration (MPERA) prepares its financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pension, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to, and deductions from, fiduciary net position have been determined on the same accrual basis as they are reported by MPERA. For this purpose, member contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period they are earned and become measureable. Benefits payments and refunds are recognized in the accounting the accounting period when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Expenses are recognized the period incurred. Investments are reported at fair value. MPERA adheres to all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statements.

Contributions to pension plans are as required by state statute. Information about each plan follows:

Public Employee Retirement Systems (PERS):

Plan Description:

The PERS-Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (DBRP), administered by the Montana Public Employee Retirement Administration (MPERA), is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan established July 1, 1945 and governed by Title 19, chapters 2 & 3 Montana Code Annotated (MCA).

All new members are initially members of the PERS-DBRP and have a 12-month window during which they may choose to remain in the PERS-DBRP or join the PERS-Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (DCRP) by filing an irrevocable election. Members may not be members of both the defined contribution and defined benefit retirement plans. For members that choose to join the PERS-DCRP, a percentage of the employer contributions will be used to pay down the liability of the PERS-DBRP.

The PERS-DBRP provides retirement, disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are established by state law and can only be amended by the Legislature. Benefits are based on eligibility, years of service, and highest average compensation. Employees with 5 years of service are eligible to retire at ages shown below. Vested (5 years of service) employees are eligible for disability benefits. Disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. Death benefits generally equal the balance in the member's vested account or continuing payments under an annuity contract.

Summary of Benefits:

Member's highest average compensation (HAC)

- Hired prior to July 1, 2011 highest average compensation during any consecutive 36 months.
- Hired on or after July 1, 2011 highest average compensation during any consecutive 60 months.
- Hired on or after July 1, 2013 110% annual cap on compensation considered as part of a member's highest average compensation.

Eligibility for benefit:

Service retirement:

- Hired prior to July 1, 2011:
 - Age 60, 5 years of membership service;
 - Age 65, regardless of membership service; or
 - Any age, 30 years of membership service
- Hired on or after July 1, 2011:
 - Age 65, 5 years of membership service;
 - Age 70, regardless of membership service

Early retirement, actuarially reduced:

- Hired prior to July 1, 2011:
 - Age 50, 5 years of membership service; or
 - Any age, 25 years of membership service
- Hired on or after July 1, 2011:
 - Age 55, 5 years of membership service

Vesting:

5 years of membership service.

Monthly benefit formula:

Members hired prior to July 1, 2011;

- Less than 25 years of membership service: 1.7857% of HAC per year of service credit.
- 25 years of membership service or more: 2% of HAC per year of service credit.

Members hired on or after July 1, 2011:

- $\circ~$ Less than 10 years of membership service: 1.5% HAC per year of service credit.
- 10 years or more, but less than 30 years of membership service: 1.7857% of HAC per year of service credit.

• 30 years or more of membership service: 2% of HAC per year of service credit.

Service Credit

A full month of service credit is earned when 160 hours or more is reported to PERB by the City during any given month. Proportional service credit is awarded unless at least 2080 hours is worked in a year.

Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA)

- 3% for members hired prior to July 1, 2007
- o 1.5% for members hired on or after July 1, 2007

- After the member has completed 12 full months of retirement, the member's benefit increases by the applicable percentage each January, inclusive of other adjustments to the member's benefit.
- Members hired on or after July 1, 2013:
 - (a) 1.5% for each year PERS is funded at or above 90%;
 - (b) 1.5% is reduced by 0.1% for each 2% PERS is funded below 90%; and
 - (c) 0% whenever the amortization period for PERS is 40 years or more.

PERS-DCRP is a multiple-employer plan established July 1, 2002. A percentage of employer contributions are used to fund various PERS member education programs and a long-term disability plan fund. PERS-DCRP provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries based on the balance in the member's account.

Municipal Police Officers' Retirement System (MPORS):

Plan Description:

The Municipal Police Officers' Retirement System (MPORS), administered by the Montana Public Employee Retirement Administration (MPERA), is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing benefit plan that was established in 1974 and is governed by Title 19, chapters 2 & 9 Montana Code Annotated (MCA). This plan covers all municipal police officers employed by first-and second-class cities and other cities that adopt the plan, such as the City of Columbia Falls. Benefits are established by state law and can only be amended by the Legislature. The MPORS provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are based on eligibility, years of service, and final average compensation. Member rights for death and disability are vested immediately. All other rights are vested after five years of service.

Summary of Benefits:

Member's final average compensation (FAC)

- Hired prior to July 1, 1977 average monthly compensation of final year of service.
- Hired on or after July 1, 1977 final average compensation (FAC) for last consecutive 36 months.
- Hired on or after July 1, 2013 110% annual cap on compensation considered as part of a member's final average compensation.

Eligibility for benefit:

20 years of membership service, regardless of age.

Early retirement: Age 50, 5 years of membership service.

Vesting: 5 years of membership service.

Monthly benefit formula: 2.5% of FAC per year of service credit.

Service Credit

A full month of service credit is earned when at least 160 hours is worked. Proportional service credit is awarded for less than 160 hours.

Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA):

Hired on or after July 1, 1997, or those electing GABA – after the member has completed 12 full months of retirement, the member's benefit increases by a maximum of 3% each January, inclusive of all other adjustments to the member's benefit.

Minimum benefit adjustment (non-GABA):

If hired before July 1, 1997 and member did not elect GABA – the monthly retirement, disability or survivor's benefit may not be less than $\frac{1}{2}$ the compensation of a newly confirmed officer in the city that the member was last employed.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP):

Beginning July 2002, eligible members of MPORS can participate in the DROP by filing a one-time irrevocable election with the Board. The DROP is governed by Title 19, Chapter 9, Part 12, MCA. A member must have completed at least twenty years of membership service to be eligible. They may elect to participate in the DROP for a minimum of one month and a maximum of 60 months and may participate in the DROP only once. A participant remains a member of the MPORS but will not receive membership service or credit in the system for the duration of the member's DROP period. During participation in the DROP, all mandatory contributions continue to the retirement system. A monthly benefit calculated based on salary and years of service to the date of the beginning of the DROP period. The monthly benefit is paid into the member's DROP account until the end of the DROP period. At the end of the DROP period, the participant may receive the balance of the DROP account in a lump-sum payment or in a direct rollover to another eligible plan, as allowed by the IRS. If the participant continues employment after the DROP period ends, they will again accrue membership service and service credit. The DROP account cannot be distributed until employment is formally terminated.

Firefighters' Unified Retirement System (FURS):

Plan Description:

The Firefighters' Unified Retirement System (FURS), administered by the Montana Public Employee Retirement Administration (MPERA), is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan established in 1981, and governed by Title 19, chapters 2 & 13, MCA. This system provides retirement benefits to firefighters employed by first- and second-class cities, other cities and rural fire district departments that adopt the plan, and to firefighters hired by the Montana Air National Guard on or after October 1, 2001. Benefits are established by state law and can only be amended by the Legislature. The FURS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are based on eligibility, years of service, and either final monthly compensation or final average compensation. Effective July 1, 2005, the benefits are based on highest average compensation and highest average compensation. Member rights for death and disability are vested immediately. All other member rights are vested after five years of service.

Summary of Benefits:

Member's highest monthly compensation (HMC)

- Hired prior to July 1, 1981 and not electing GABA highest monthly compensation (HMC).
- Hired after June 30, 1981 and those electing GABA highest average compensation (HAC) during any consecutive 36 months.
- Hired on or after July 1, 2013 110% annual cap on compensation considered as a part of a member's highest average compensation.

Eligibility for benefit:

20 years of membership service, regardless of age.

Early Retirement: Age 50, 5 years of membership service

Vesting: 5 years of membership service.

Monthly benefit formula:

- 1) Members hired prior to July 1, 1981 and not electing GABA are entitled to the greater of:
 - 2.5% of HMC per year of service, OR
 - i). if less than 20 years of service -2% of HMC for each year of service;
 - ii). if more than 20 years of service 50% of the member's HMC plus 2% of the member's HMC for each year of service over 20 years

2) Members hired on or after July 1, 1981 and those electing GABA: 2.5% of HAC per year of service

Service Credit

A full month of service credit is earned when at least 160 hours is worked. Proportional service credit awarded for less than 160 hours.

Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA):

Hired on or after July 1, 1997, or those electing GABA – after the member has completed 12 full months of retirement, the member's benefit increases by a maximum of 3% each January, inclusive of all other adjustments to the member's benefit.

Minimum benefit adjustment (non-GABA):

If hired before July 1, 1997 and member did not elect GABA – the monthly retirement, disability or survivor's benefit of a newly confirmed firefighter employed by the city that last employed the member (provided the member has at least 10 years of membership service). If a benefit falls below that minimum, the benefit is increased and paid to the benefit recipient.

Contribution Rates and Amounts

	Employee	Employer	State
PERS	7.90%	8.47%	0.10% 1
MPORS	9.00%	14.41%	29.37%
FURS	10.70%	14.36%	32.61%

		City]	State
	2018	2017	2016	_	2018
PERS	\$ 79,823	\$ 71,001	\$ 65,481		\$15,579
MPORS	65,586	70,326	61,851		143,190
FURS	9,601	9,238	8,991		20,978

¹ The State also contributes from the Coal Tax Severance fund. One hundred percent of contributions were paid.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the City. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

	PERS	MPORS	FURS	Total
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$1,152,441	\$ 580,032	\$ 48,641	\$ 1,781,114
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability				
associated with the City	15,579	1,182,200	110,459	1,308,238
Total	\$1,168,020	\$ 1,762,232	\$ 159,100	\$ 3,089,352

The net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, with update procedures to roll forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governments, including the State, actuarially determined.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

	PERS	MPORS	FURS
Proportionate share of			
plan's net pension liability	0.0592%	0.3260%	0.0430%

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expenses of \$68,403 and revenue of \$172,795 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources										
	PERS			MPORS		FURS		Total		
Expected vs Actual Experience	\$	28,381	\$	-	\$	320	\$	28,701		
Projected Investment Earnings vs Actual		-		504		40		544		
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between										
Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of										
Contributions		-		38,158		-		38,158		
Changes in Assumptions		157,527		39,151		6,066		202,744		
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		79,823		65,586		9,601		155,010		
Total	\$	265,731	\$	143,399	\$	16,027	\$	425,157		

Deferred Inflows of Resources										
		PERS	Ν	IPORS		FURS		Total		
Expected vs Actual Experience	\$	1,668	\$	19,791	\$	368	\$	21,827		
Projected Investment Earnings vs Actual		7,740		-		-	\$	7,740		
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between										
Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of										
Contributions		48,591		-		1,780		50,371		
Total	\$	57,999	\$	19,791	\$	2,148	\$	79,938		

The \$155,010 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	PERS	MPORS	FURS	Total
2019	\$ 40,822	\$ (825)	\$ 491	\$ 40,488
2020	90,116	16,540	2,577	109,233
2021	70,091	12,703	1,678	84,472
2022	(24,529)	(8,554)	35	(33,048)
2023	-	-	-	-
Thereafter		-	-	-
Total	\$176,500	\$19,864	\$4,781	\$201,145

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities (TPL) used to calculate the net pension liabilities was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, with update procedures to roll forward the TPL to June 30, 2017. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated May 2017, for the six year period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2016.

Among these assumptions were the following:

Inflation	2.75% percent
Salary Increases	3.5% percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.65% percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	_	Real Rate of	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Return	Rate of Return
Cash Equivalents	2.60%	4.00%	0.10%
Domestic Equity	36.00%	4.55%	1.64%
Foreign Equity	18.00%	6.35%	1.14%
Fixed Income	23.40%	1.00%	0.23%
Private Equity	12.00%	7.75%	0.93%
Real Estate	8.00%	4.00%	0.32%
Total	100.00%		4.37%
Inflation			2.75%
Portfolio Return Exp	pectation		7.12%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the current statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following present the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.65 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.65 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.65 percent) than the current rate:

City's proportionate share of	19	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1% Increase		
the net pension liability		(6.65%)	(7.65%)			(8.65%)	
PERS	\$	1,678,431	\$	1,152,441	\$	710,911	
MPORS		844,549		580,032		367,945	
FURS		80,829		48,641		22,635	
	\$	2,603,809	\$	1,781,114	\$	1,101,491	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERB financial report.

Local Retirement Plans

The City offers its employees an optional deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457(b). The plan, available to all full-time and part-time City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Additionally, for qualifying employees not participating in the City's Health Insurance Benefit program due to having other health insurance coverage, the City contributes up to \$416 per month into the deferred compensation plan. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency pursuant to Internal Revenue Service requirements.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the employee (without being restricted to the provisions of benefits under the plan).

Investments are managed by the plan's trustee, Nationwide Retirement Solutions, based on the participant's selected investment options. For the 2018 fiscal year, 8 active employees had elected deferred compensation benefits in lieu of health insurance benefits and 8 active employees elected

to defer a portion of their compensation under the provisions of the 457(b) plan. The City contributed \$25,081.09 on the employees' behalf during the 2018 FY to the 457(b) plan. The City does not manage or control the plan assets.

Fire Relief Association Pension Plan (Discretely Presented Component Unit)

The Columbia Falls Firefighters Relief Association Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. Montana State law (MCA 19-18-503) requires the City to soundly fund the pension plan for non-paid volunteer firefighters, who are considered employees of the City. The City contributes to the plan annually meeting all the state funding requirements. The discretely presented component unit of the City, Fire Department Relief Association, has been established to administer pension payouts and hold the funded assets. The Relief Association is governed by a separate board of directors made up of active and retired members of the volunteer fire department.

The City implemented GASB 73 –*Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are not within the scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68.* One objective of this Statement is to provide information about the effects of pension-related transactions and other events on the elements of the basic financial statements. An additional objective is to improve the information provided in government financial reports about financial support provided by certain non-employer entities for pensions that are provided to the employees of other entities and that are not within the scope of Statement 68. In order to meet these objectives and comply with paragraph 115 and 116 of this Statement, the City has determined it appropriate to show the pension liability within the Fire Relief Association financials. The assets of the Relief Association (non-employer entity) represent the City's contributions made toward pension obligations. The cash is expected to offset the liabilities of the pension plan. The assets and related liability are reported within the discretely presented component unit of the City.

Summary of Benefits:

The eligibility for normal retirement requires 20 years of service with no option for early retirement. The plan also provides a disability pension after 10 years of service (prorated) and eligible surviving spouse benefit for the death of an active member with at least 10 years of service. The normal retirement benefit is \$150 per month with 20 years of service, increased by 10% for each additional year, up to the statutory maximum payment of \$300.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The actuarial method used is the Projected Unit Credit. Under this method the benefit payable at the assumed retirement age is determined. The accrued benefit used for the accrued liability is the projected benefit multiplied by the ratio of service to date divided by service projected to the retirement date.

Interest rates used were segment rates as published by the IRS for funding under PPA '06 as modified by the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2015 for plan year beginning 07/01/2016.

Mortality tables utilized were tables as published by the IRS for funding under PPA '06 for plan years beginning in 2016 (combined basis).

Spousal age for active participants was assumed to be 3 years younger than participant.

All other assumptions in a group of this size were not considered statistically valid.

Covered Employees:

There are 25 inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments.

Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions

The City accounts for postemployment benefit obligations in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

As required by state law (MCA 2-18-704), the City allows its employees who retire and their spouses and dependents the option to continue to participate in the City's group health insurance plan. The City also allows terminated employees to continue their health care coverage for 18 months past the date of termination as required by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). To continue coverage, retirees are required to pay the full cost of the benefits. State law requires the City to offer insurance to retirees but it does not require the City to offer it at the same rate as all participants. Furthermore, there are no legal or contractual agreements requiring the City to pay any portion of a retiree's insurance or to offer the insurance at a specified rate. Rates are charged according to the annual actuarial valuation provided by the City's insurer, Montana Municipal Interlocal Authority.

Plan Description: In 2018, the City of Columbia Falls provided employee medical insurance through a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan administered by the Montana Municipal Interlocal Authority.

Funding Policy: The City of Columbia Falls provides no direct subsidy to the health insurance premiums for retirees. Retirees pay the entire cost of the actuarially determined health insurance premium. Eligible retirees must be enrolled in the City's medical insurance prior to retiring and must elect to continue coverage within 30 days of retirement. As of June 30, 2018, the City had one retired employee electing to participate in the City's medical insurance plan entirely at their own cost at an actuarially determined rate. There were no former employees under COBRA insurance coverage. In 2018, retirees paid \$2,688 in actuarially determined medical premiums.

Annual OPEB Cost Obligation: The City's other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the projected unit credit cost method. The objective under this method is to fund each participant's benefits under the plan as they accrue. Thus, the total benefit to which each participant is expected to become entitled at retirement is broken down into units, each associated with a year of past or future credited service. Typically, when this method is introduced, there will be an initial liability for benefits credited for service prior to that date, and to the extent that the liability is not covered by assets of the plan, there is an unfunded liability to be funded over a stipulated period in accordance with an amortization schedule. It is important to note that the accrued liability and the annual required contribution (ARC) are highly sensitive to the participation rate assumption. For the City of Columbia Falls, based on historical data, the City used a 10% participation rate, which matches the thirty-year trend for the City's retirees' participation. Additionally, the calculation is also sensitive to the age of the City's employees.

Employees covered by benefit terms as of June 30, 2018:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments -1-Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments -0-Active employees = 22

Methods and Assumptions: The Montana Municipal Interlocal Authority (MMIA) contracted with Actuaries NW to calculate the actual cost of retiree medical coverage and subsequently calculated the pre-age 65 (not Medicare eligible) and age 65 and older (Medicare eligible) per individual premium subsidy as of June 30, 2018. Actuaries NW used the following assumptions in calculating the subsidy rate:

Average age of retirement based on historical data -57.7 years Turnover rate -0% Discount rate -3.87% Average salary increase -4%										
Healthcare cost trend	rate									
From Year	To Year	Annual % Increase								
2018	2019	3.65%								
2019	2020	6.50%								
2020	2021	6.00%								
2021	2022	5.90%								
2022	2023	5.70%								
2023	2024	5.60%								
2024	2025	5.50%								
2025	2026	5.30%								
2026	2027	5.20%								
2027	2028	5.10%								

Funded Status and Funding Progress: As calculated using the alternative method for smaller governments and applying the participation rate, the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits was immaterial to the financial statements. The City will continue to fund benefit costs on a pay-as-you-go basis.

NOTE G - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The following is an analysis of governmental operating transfers in and out during fiscal year 2018:

							Can	ital Projects-				
				Street	S	pecial Gas	Cap	Street		Capital		
	Ge	neral Fund	Ma	aintenance	٦	Гах (Non-	C	onstruction	Ec	quipment		Total
		(Major)		(Major)		Major)	1)	Non-Major)	(N	on Major)	Tra	nsfers Out
Transfers out:					-							<u>.</u>
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	100,000	\$	50,000	\$	150,000
Permissive Medical Levy		98,423.00		31,902.00		-		-		-		130,325
Street Maintenance		-		-		1,714.00		-		-		1,714
Gas Tax Fund		-		-		-		-		17,498.00		17,498
Total Transfers in:	\$	98,423	\$	31,902	\$	1,714	\$	100,000	\$	67,498	\$	299,537

The following is an analysis of enterprise fund transfers in and out during fiscal year 2018:

			Tota	al Transfers
	Sew	er (Major)		Out
Transfers out:				
General Fund	\$	340,000	\$	340,000
Total Transfers in:	\$	340,000	\$	340,000

Capital contributions made from enterprise funds to governmental funds of \$142,615 are reported in the enterprise funds within the non-operating section as capital contributions. However, no entry was made in the governmental funds because there was no flow of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, both sides of the capital contributions are reported as transfers.

NOTE H - INTERFUND LOANS

<u>Special Improvement Districts 34 and 36</u> - During fiscal year 2006 the City's Water and Sewer Enterprise Funds loaned funds for construction costs for the upgrade and expansion of water and sewer lines and appurtenances for 4th Avenue and 5th Avenue within the City. The City Council approved the formation of Special Improvement Districts 34 and 36 and the homeowners are assessed annually on the tax bill to pay back the City for construction costs for a period of twenty (20) years. The payments are due in equal installments on November 30 and May 30.

Long-term interfund loans receivable have been recorded in the Water and Sewer Enterprise Funds and at June 30, 2018, the combined balance of the interfund loans was \$55,558 which is the same amount owed to the City by homeowners within the special improvement districts. The City's special improvement funds 34 and 36 are debt service funds and these funds record the special assessments receivable and receipts and pay back the interfund loans to the Water and Sewer Enterprise Funds. The interfund loan payable is reported as long-term debt in the general long-term debt account group in the fund financial statements and is eliminated in the government-wide financial statements as interfund activity.

Annual maturity of the long-term special assessment receivable for the 2018 FY is \$6,564, subject to interest at 4.75%.

<u>Cedar Creek Trust Fund</u> – During fiscal year 2008, general obligation debt, in the form of a loan from Cedar Creek Trust was issued by the City to provide funds for the improvement of city streets, as approved by the voters and repaid with property taxes levied and recorded in a Debt Service Fund. This loan is accurately reported as an external debt borrowing pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, the debt is not reported as an Advance to/from other fund, long-term portion, or as a Due to/from other fund, short-term portion. The loan is recorded and reported in the general long-term debt account group within the fund financial statements and as general obligation debt within the government-wide financial statements. See Note E for further disclosure and debt maturity schedule.

NOTE I - RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

In compliance with the City's policies, debt covenants and Cedar Creek Trust, the governmental and enterprise funds restricted cash and investments at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Fund	Fund Type	Description	Am	ount
1000-General	Major	Reserved by Council/cash flow	\$	582,728
2372-Permissive Medical Levy	Non-Major	Reserved by Council/cash flow		44,598
2394-Building Code Enforcement	Non-Major	Reserved by Council/cash flow		77,321
2400-Special Lighting District	Non-Major	Reserved by Council/cash flow		15,432
2500-Special Street Maint District	Major	Reserved by Council/cash flow		125,420
2700-Cedar Creek Trust	Major	Reserved by Trust Document		920,280
3010-GO Pool Debt Service	Non-Major	Reserved by Council for debt payments		18,146
3020-GO Street Debt Service	Non-Major	Reserved by Council for debt payments		36,642
3538-SID 38 Riverwood	Major	Reserved by Debt covenant		15,964
4000-Capital Projects-Bldg Improv	Non-Major	Reserved by Council for building improv		14,748
4010-Capital Projects-Park Impr	Non-Major	Reserved by Council for improv/cash in lieu		214,344
4020-Capital Projects-Gen EQPT	Non-Major	Reserved by Council for future eqpt		88,207
4020-Capital Projects-Gen EQPT	Non-Major	Reserved by Council for road eqpt-Gas Tax		47,622
4040-Capital Projects-Street Const	Non-Major	Reserved by Council for Street construction		229,721
5210-Water	Major	Replacement/Depreciation		246,754
5210-Water	Major	Reserved for Future Debt Service		35,308
5210-Water	Major	Reserved for new projects		261,733
5211-Water Expansion	Non-Major	System Expansion		1,215,888
5310-Sewer	Major	Replacement/Depreciation		200,000
5310-Sewer	Major	Reserved for Future Debt Service		256,051
5310-Sewer	Major	Reserved for new projects		313,894
5310-Sewer	Major	Reserved for WWTP Project/Debt		481,735
5311-Sewer Expansion	Non-Major	System Expansion		674,061
			\$	6,116,596

NOTE J - GOVERNMENT FUND BALANCE REPORTING

The City implemented Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions during 2011, and therefore required to classify fund balances into specifically defined classifications (see Note A). The City spends restricted amounts first. When expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned

or unassigned funds are available, the City spends first committed, then assigned and finally unassigned funds.

Fund Balance	General	Street Maintenance	Cedar Creek Trust	SID 38- Riverwood	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
Non-Spendable:						
Long-Term receivable	\$0	\$0	\$301,926	\$0	\$0	\$301,926
Restricted:						
Trust Agreement	-	-	920,280	-	-	920,280
Grantor or contributors	-	-	-	-	112,881	112,881
State statute	-	232,872	-	870	677,182	910,924
Committed:						
Designated by City Mgr/Finance Dir	582,728	-	-	-	-	582,728
Restricted by state law & grantors	-	-	-	-	905,278	905,278
Assigned						
Designated by City Mgr/Finance Dir	-	-	73,552	-	-	73,552
Un-Assigned	391,345	-	-	-	-	391,345
Total Fund Balance	\$974,073	\$232,872	\$1,295,758	\$870	\$1,695,341	\$4,198,914

The Council is the City's highest level of decision-making authority, and they adopted a resolution authorizing the City Administration to define and utilize the fund types in accordance with GASB 54 pursuant to actions authorized by the commission, such as budget adoption and letting of contracts. Assigned fund balances include funds committed by the council to spend interest earnings of the Cedar Creek Trust Fund. By resolution, the City will apply restricted and unrestricted resources within the City's Governmental fund-types in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

The City maintains two major special revenue funds, the Street Maintenance Fund and the Cedar Creek Trust Fund. The purpose of the Street Maintenance Fund is to finance street repair, maintenance, snow removal and street signage. The purpose of the Cedar Creek Trust Fund is to account for the sale of City-owned land. GASB 54 requires disclosure of revenues for each major special revenue fund. Revenues are as follows:

Street Maintenance:	
Special assessments	\$305,766
Charges for service	1,100
Interest earnings	2,486
Miscellaneous	5,842
	<u>\$315,194</u>
Cedar Creek Trust:	
Interest earnings	19,240
	<u>\$19,240</u>

The City also maintains one major debt service fund, Riverwood Debt Service. This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources used for the payment of principal and interest on special assessment debt. Revenues for the fund are as follows:

Riverwood Debt Service

Special assessment	\$25,568
Interest earnings	165
-	\$25,733

NOTE K - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City faces a number of risks of loss including damage to and loss of property and contents, employee torts, professional liability, (i.e. errors and omission), environmental damage, worker's compensation, and medical insurance costs of employees. Commercial policies, transferring all risk of loss except for relatively small deductible amounts, are purchased for commercial property and boiler insurance. The City participates in a statewide public risk pool operated by the Montana Municipal Interlocal Authority (MMIA) for property and contents, business auto, contractors' equipment, bonding of public officials, workers' compensation and for tort liability coverage. In addition, the City contracts with the Montana Municipal Insurance Authority for the City employee medical, dental and vision benefit plans. MMIA provides an environmental damages fund of \$10 million each year, with maximum coverage of \$2 Million per incident. The City has no coverage for potential losses from environmental damages once the \$10 million is expended.

Coverage limits and the deductibles in the commercial policies have stayed relatively constant for the last several years. The premiums for the policies are allocated between the governmental General Fund and the business-type Water and Sewer Funds based upon the insurance needs of the funds. Settled claims resulting from these risks did not exceed commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

In 1986, the City joined with other Montana cities to form the Montana Municipal Interlocal Authority which established a workers' compensation plan and a tort liability plan. Both public entity risk pools currently operate as common risk management and insurance programs for the member governments. The liability limits for damages in tort actions are \$750,000 per individual and \$1.5 million per occurrence with a \$1,500 deductible per incident. State tort law limits the City's liability to \$1.5 million. The City pays an annual premium for its employee injury insurance coverage, which is allocated to the employer funds based on total salaries and wages. The agreements for formation of the pools provide that they will be self-sustaining through member contributions.

The City offers employees health benefits for medical, vision, and dental through the MMIA's multiple-employer health insurance plan. MMIA provides four medical plans with varying rates, benefits and deductibles from which City employees can select. The purpose of these plans is to pay medical claims of the City employees, retirees, participating elected officials and other enrolled family members. Rates are actuarially determined and approved by MMIA's Board each spring for the next fiscal year. The City pays a monthly premium.

NOTE L - LEASING ARRANGEMENTS

The City of Columbia Falls leases property to Weyerhaeuser under two lease agreements:

1. There is a 99-year lease for Tract 7E in 8-30-20 (Land) with a minimum annual payment of \$10 plus street maintenance assessments. (This lease was cancelled in September 2017 when the City granted title to this tract of land to Weyerhaeuser).

2. There is a 15-year lease for Tract 13 in 8-30-20 (Land) with no minimum annual payment outstanding commencing March 1994. The lease automatically renews for a period of one year until the landfill is complete and closure is approved by the State.

NOTE M - COMMITMENTS

<u>City Park Commitment</u> - The City is committed to construct a City park on land leased from the City to Plum Creek Manufacturing using Plum Creek Manufacturing lease funds. Currently Plum Creek Manufacturing is using the land as a Class III landfill for wood chips and related products. The land is scheduled for reclamation upon completion of the Class III landfill and closure of the landfill has been approved by the Montana Solid Waste Bureau. The landfill is not expected to be completed in the upcoming fiscal year.

Pursuant to the terms of the lease agreement, Plum Creek Manufacturing paid \$100,000 in prior fiscal years to be used for the park. During fiscal year 2003, Plum Creek Manufacturing approved the use of the funds for general recreation purpose and the City elected to use \$69,100 of the funds to construct a bike path. The balance of \$30,900 was transferred to the Park Improvement Fund for future development of the park. The City is obligated to provide the funding for the development of the park.

NOTE N - INTERLOCAL AGREEMENTS

Building Code Enforcement Program

The City of Columbia Falls and the City of Whitefish signed an interlocal agreement to provide for plan review, site review, and site inspection relating to the enforcement of State and City of Columbia Falls technical, building, and plumbing codes within the extended jurisdictional limits of Columbia Falls. Plan review, site review, and site inspection is provided by Whitefish through its Building Department. In consideration of the services provided, the City of Columbia Falls has agreed to pay the City of Whitefish a sum equal to 65% of the permitting fees paid by the permit applicant, or a minimum of \$2,000 per month, on the project inspected payable on a monthly basis according to Columbia Falls' standard procedure.

911 Dispatch Services

Effective July 1, 2010, the City of Columbia Falls began receiving emergency dispatch services through an Interlocal agreement between the City and Flathead County, City of Kalispell, and the City of Whitefish. Pursuant to an April 2009 Interlocal Agreement, the entities established the Flathead Emergency Communications Center Governing Board. The Board adopts an annual budget that is presented for approval to the four parties. The costs of operating the center are prorated amongst the parties based on the latest US census population. The City's proportionate share of the 2017 FY operating budget is \$115,183 and for 2018 FY the share is \$119,214.

NOTE O - SERVICES PROVIDED FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Flathead County provides various financial services to the City. The County serves as cashier and treasurer for the City for tax and assessment collections and other revenues received by the County. The collections made by the County on behalf of the City are accounted for in an agency fund in the City's name and are periodically remitted to the City by the County Treasurer. No service charges have been recorded by either the City or the County.

Flathead County and the City of Columbia Falls have also signed interlocal agreements whereby the County provides Animal Control and Transit Service to the City. Columbia Falls has agreed to pay \$4,250 for Animal Control and \$5,500 for Transit Services.

The City of Columbia Falls has entered into an agreement with Columbia Falls School District to provide recreational programs. The City has agreed to pay \$7,000 for those services.

NOTE P – TAX ABATEMENTS

The City enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses for New and Expanding Industry and New Industrial Improvements to promote economic development within the City. The taxpayer must ask for some tax relief for expansion. If granted, the tax rate for the first 5 years is 50%. The rate then increases at the rate of 10% per year. At the 10th year, the tax rate is for the full 100%.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City abated property taxes totaling \$3,999. The following tax abatement agreements were in effect for FY2018:

- A forty (40) percent property tax abatement to OKO Properties. The abatement amounted to \$3,775. This property is in the sixth year of ten year abatements.
- A twenty (20) percent property tax abatement to WBC Trusses & Wall Panels. The abatement amounted to \$224. This property is in the eighth year of ten year abatements.

NOTE Q – RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB has issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations which is effective for the City beginning in FY 2019. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations.

GASB has issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities which is effective for the City beginning in FY 2020. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported.

GASB has issued Statement No 87, Leases, which is effective for the City beginning in FY 2021. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments.

GASB has issued Statement No 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, which is effective for the City beginning in FY2019. This standard provides guidance on note disclosures related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarified which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

GASB has issued Statement No 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period which is effective for the City beginning in FY2020. This standard provides guidance and consistency on accounting for interest costs incurred prior to construction completion of an asset.

GASB has issued Statement No 90, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Majority Equity Interests which is effective for the City beginning in FY2019. The objective of this standard is to clarify when a government should report a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization as either a component unit or an investment.

The City has not fully assessed the impact of Statements No. 83, 84, 87, 88, 89 and 90 on its financial position and results of operations, but does not believe the adoption of these statements will have a material effect on its basic financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Columbia Falls REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED June 30, 2018

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

	FY2018	FY2017	FY2016	FY2015	FY2014	FY2013
Actuarial Valuation Date	6/30/2016	6/30/2016	6/30/2016	6/30/2013	6/30/2013	6/30/2013
Actuarial Value of Assets						
Actuarial Accrued Liability						
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)						
Funded Ratio						
Annual Covered Payroll	\$1,576,860	\$1,498,832	\$1,370,440	\$1,356,071	\$1,217,443	\$1,196,978
Ratio of UAAL to Annual Covered Payroll						

Note: An actuarial valuation was completed effective 6/30/16.

The City of Columbia Falls' actuarial accrued liability is \$0.00 as calculated pursuant to the Alternative Measurement Method. The notes to the Financial Statements provide detailed information on this calculation. The City is required to have a triennial actuarial valuation.

City of Columbia Falls, Flathead County, Montana Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance General Fund (1000) - Budget and Actual For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgete	d Amounts		Over (under)		
Description	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
Revenue						
Property taxes	\$ 1,154,820	\$ 1,154,820	\$ 1,167,244	\$ 12,424		
Licenses and Permits	68,000	68,000	70,417	2,417		
Intergovernmental	943,637	943,637	924,711	(18,926)		
Charges for services	135,460	135,460	145,595	10,135		
Fines and forfeitures	158,200	158,200	169,098	10,898		
Miscellaneous	-	-	2,778	2,778		
Investment Earnings	6,500	6,500	12,557	6,057		
Total Revenue	2,466,617	2,466,617	2,492,400	25,783		
Expenditures						
Current						
General Government						
Personal services	379,800	379,800	389,366	9,566		
Supplies/services/materials,etc	405,531	405,531	303,004	(102,527)		
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-		
Total General Government	785,331	785,331	692,370	(92,961)		
Public Safety						
Personal services	1,067,777	1,067,777	1,097,662	29,885		
Supplies/services/materials,etc	319,734	319,734	295,860	(23,874)		
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-		
Total Public Safety	1,387,511	1,387,511	1,393,522	6,011		
Public Works						
Personal services	2,984	2,984	2,986	2		
Supplies/services/materials, etc	92,825	92,825	5,703	(87,122)		
Capital outlay	-		-	-		
Total Public Works	95,809	95,809	8,689	(87,120)		
Public Health						
Personal services	-	-	-	-		
Supplies/services/materials, etc	4,250	4,250	4,250	-		
Capital outlay	-			-		
Total Public Health	4,250	4,250	4,250	_		
Culture and Recreation						
Personal services	120,902	120,902	102,330	(18,572)		
Supplies/services/materials, etc	136,705	136,705	97,167	(39 <i>,</i> 538)		
Capital outlay	70,000	70,000		(70,000)		
Total Culture and Recreation	327,607	327,607	199,497	(128,110)		
Debt Service						
Principal	11,531	11,531	11,530	(1)		
Interest and fiscal charges	1,557	1,557	1,557			
Total Debt service	13,088	13,088	13,087	(1)		
Miscellaneous	152,750	152,750	80,835	(71,915)		
Total Expenditures	2,766,346	2,766,346	2,392,250	(374,096)		
				(continued)		

(continued)

City of Columbia Falls, Flathead County, Montana Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance General Fund (1000) - Budget and Actual For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgete	d Amounts		Over (under)
Description	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	(299,729)	(299,729)	100,150	399,879
Other financing sources (uses)			240.000	240.000
Bond Proceeds	-	-	340,000	340,000
Transfers in	101,974	101,974	98,423	(3,551)
Transfers (out)	(150,000)	(150,000)	(490,000)	(340,000)
Proceeds on sale of capital assets	-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(48,026)	(48,026)	(51,577)	(3,551)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (347,755)	\$ (347,755)	48,573	\$ 396,328
Fund balances Beginning of year End of year			925,500 \$ 974,073	

City of Columbia Falls, Flathead County, Montana Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Special Street Maintenance (2500) - Major Special Revenue Fund - Budget and Actual For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts						Ove	er (under)
Description		Original		Final		Actual		al Budget
Revenue								
Property taxes	\$	301,500	\$	301,500	\$	305,766	\$	4,266
Licenses and Permits		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		800		800		1,100		300
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		5,842		5,842
Investment Earnings		1,200		1,200		2,486		1,286
Total Revenue		303,500		303,500		315,194		11,694
Expenditures								
Current								
Public Works								
Personal services		242,609		242,609		234,910		(7,699)
Supplies/services/materials,etc		127,605		127,605		98,215		(29,390)
Capital outlay		61,000		61,000		-		(61,000)
Total Public Works		431,214		431,214		333,125		(98,089)
Miscellaneous		-	-	-		-		-
Total Expenditures		431,214		431,214		333,125		(98,089)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue								
over expenditures		(127,714)		(127,714)		(17,931)		109,783
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		34,269		34,269		31,902		(2,367)
Transfers (out)		(1,750)		(1,750)		(1,714)		36
Proceeds on sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		32,519		32,519		30,188		(2,331)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(95,195)	\$	(95,195)		12,257	\$	107,452
Fund balances								
Beginning of year						220,615		
End of year					Ś	232,872		
					<u> </u>	202,072		

City of Columbia Falls, Flathead County, Montana Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Cedar Creek Trust (2700) - Major Special Revenue Fund - Budget and Actual For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts						Ove	r (under)
Description	С	riginal		Final	Actual		Final Budget	
Revenue								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and Permits		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Investment Earnings		62,725		62,725		19,240		(43,485)
Total Revenue		62,725		62,725		19,240		(43,485)
Expenditures Current Public Works								
Personal services		-		-		-		-
Supplies/services/materials,etc		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		81,400		81,400		9,300		(72,100)
Total Public Works		81,400		81,400		9,300		(72,100)
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		81,400		81,400		9,300		(72,100)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		(18,675)		(18,675)		9,940		28,615
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers (out)		-		-		-		-
Proceeds on sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)				-				
			•					
Net change in fund balances	\$	(18,675)	\$	(18,675)		9,940	\$	28,615
Fund balances								
Beginning of year					1	,285,818		
End of year					\$ 1	,295,758		
-								

City of Columbia Falls, Flathead County, Montana Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Riverwood SID (3538) - Major Debt Service Fund - Budget and Actual For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts						Over (under)	
Description	C	Driginal		Final		Actual	Final Budget	
Revenue								
Property taxes	\$	25,555	\$	25,555	\$	25 <i>,</i> 568	\$	13
Licenses and Permits		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Investment Earnings		-		-		165		165
Total Revenue		25,555		25,555		25,733		178
Expenditures								
Debt Service								
Principal		11,180		11,180		15,693		4,513
Interest and fiscal charges		14,029		14,029		9,170		(4,859)
Total Debt service		25,209		25,209		24,863		(346)
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		25,209		25,209		24,863		(346)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue								
over expenditures		346		346		870		524
								,
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers (out)		-		-		-		-
Proceeds on sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		_
Net change in fund balances	\$	346	\$	346		870	\$	524
F	_	_	_				_	_
Fund balances								
Beginning of year						-		
End of year					\$	870		

NOTES TO THE BUDGET AND ACTUAL SCHEDULES

JUNE 30, 2018

<u>Budget Process</u> – The State of Montana's budget law stipulates that money, other than payments from agency funds, may not be drawn from the treasury of a municipality except pursuant to an appropriation. Therefore, a legally adopted budget is required for all funds, with the exception of agency funds. The City legally adopts a budget for the required funds.

Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgeted fund expenditures are limited by State law to the total budgeted amount which may be amended as defined by State law. Amendments to the budget can be made for unanticipated revenue with the approval of the City Council.

The City Council must meet prior to the budget adoption for the purpose of holding a public hearing on the final budget. This hearing can be continued until the budget is finally approved and adopted, and tax levies set, on or before the first Thursday after the first Tuesday in September or within 30 calendar days after receiving certified taxable values from the State Department of Revenue. The total value of the property within the City as determined by the County Assessor is the assessed valuation.

The City budgets may also include encumbrances, which represent commitments to expend funds under current budget appropriations. All appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year except for accounts payable and encumbrances. There were no encumbrances in 2018.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION

FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

As of measurement date:	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability (percentage)	0.0592%	0.0612%	0.0650%	0.0639%
Employer's net pension liability	\$ 1,152,441	\$1,042,789	\$ 908,287	\$ 796,071
State's net pension liability	 15,579	12,742	11,157	9,721
Total	\$ 1,168,020	\$1,055,531	\$ 919,444	\$ 805,792
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 733,823	\$ 733,308	\$ 758,285	\$ 727,369
Employer's proportionate share as a percentage of covered payroll	157.05%	142.20%	119.78%	109.45%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	73.75%	74.71%	78.40%	79.87%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

As of reporting date:	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 79,823	\$ 61,439	\$ 61,294	\$ 62,486
Plan Choice Rate Required Contributions	-	-	1,340	2,140
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 79,823	61,439	62,634	64,626
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 942,423	\$ 733,823	\$ 733,308	\$ 758,285
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.47%	8.37%	8.54%	8.52%

* The requirement is to illustrate information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule(s) present information for those year(s) for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT 2018

Changes of Benefit Terms

The following changes to the plan provision were made as identified:

2015 Legislative Changes

General Revisions - House Bill 101, effective January 1, 2016

Second Retirement Benefit – for PERS

- 1. Applies to PERS members who return to active service on or after January 1, 2016. Members who retire before January 1, 2016, return to PERS-covered employment, and accumulate less than 2 years of service credit before retiring again:
 - a. Refund of member's contributions from second employment plus regular interest (currently 0.25%);
 - b. No service credit for second employment;
 - c. Start same benefit amount the month following termination; and
 - d. GABA starts again in the January immediately following second retirement.
- 2. For members who retire before January 1, 2016, return to PERS-covered employment and accumulate two or more years of service credit before retiring again:
 - a. Member receives a recalculated retirement benefit based on laws in effect at second retirement; and,
 - b. GABA starts in the January after receiving recalculated benefit for 12 months.
- 3. For members who retire on or after January 1, 2016, return to PERS-covered employment and accumulate less than 5 years of service credit before retiring again:
 - a. Refund of member's contributions from second employment plus regular interest (currently 0.25%);
 - b. No service credit for second employment;
 - c. Start same benefit amount the month following termination; and,
 - d. GABA starts again in the January immediately following second retirement.
- 4. For members who retire on or after January 1, 2016, return to PERS-covered employment and accumulate five or more years of service credit before retiring again:
 - a. Member receives same retirement benefit as prior to return to service;
 - b. Member receives second retirement benefit for second period of service based on laws in effect at second retirement; and
 - c. GABA starts on both benefits in January after member receives original and new benefit for 12 months.

Revise DC Funding Laws – House Bill 107, effective July 1, 2015

Employer Contributions and the Defined Contribution Plan – for PERS

The PCR was paid off effective March 2016 and the contributions of 2.37%, .47%, and the 1.0% increase previously directed to the PCR are now directed to the Defined Contribution member's account.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT 2018

2017 Legislative Changes

General Revisions - House Bill 101, effective July 1, 2017

Working Retiree Limitations – for PERS

If a PERS retiree returns as an independent contractor to what would otherwise be PERS-covered employment, general contractor overhead costs are excluded from PERS working retiree limitations.

Terminating Employers-Recovery of actuary costs - for PERS

Employers who terminate participation in PERS must pay the actuarial liability associated with that termination. Starting July 1, 2017, the terminating employer must also pay for the cost of the actuarial study used to determine that liability.

Refunds

- 1. Terminating members eligible to retire may, in lieu of receiving a monthly retirement benefit, refund their accumulated contributions in a lump sum.
- 2. Terminating members with accumulated contributions between \$200 and \$1,000 who wish to rollover their refunds must do so within 90 days of termination of service.
- 3. Trusts, estates, and charitable organizations listed as beneficiaries are entitled to receive only a lump-sum payment.

Family Law Orders

If a Family Law Order (FLO) is silent regarding the apportionment of post-retirement benefit adjustments such as the Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA), the FLO is presumed to require apportionment of the post-retirement benefit adjustment in the same percentage as the monthly retirement benefit is apportioned.

Disabled PERS Defined Contribution (DC) Members

PERS members hired after July 1, 2011 have a normal retirement age of 65. PERS DC members hired after July 1, 2011 who became disabled were previously only eligible for a disability benefit until age 65. Effective July 1, 2017, these individuals will be eligible for a disability benefit until they reach 70, thus ensuring the same 5-year time period available to PERS DC disabled members hired prior to July 1, 2011 who have a normal retirement age of 60 and are eligible for a disability benefit until age 65.

PERS Statutory Appropriation – House Bill 648, effective July 1, 2017

Revenue from coal severance taxes and interest income from the coal severance tax permanent fund previously statutorily-appropriated to the PERS defined benefit trust fund will be replaced with the following statutory appropriations:

- 1. FY2018 \$31.386 million
- 2. FY2019 \$31.958 million.
- 3. Beginning July 1, 2019 through at least June 30, 2025, 101% of the contribution from the previous year from the general funds to the PERS defined benefit trust funds, as follows:
 - a. FY2020 \$32.277 million
 - b. FY2021 \$32.6 million
 - c. FY2022 \$32.926 million
 - d. FY2023 \$33.255 million
 - e. FY2024 \$33.588 million
 - f. FY2025 \$33.924 million

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT 2018

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions

The following addition was adopted from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation:

Admin Expense as % of Payroll	0.26%
General Wage Growth*	3.50%
*Includes inflation at	2.75%
Merit increase	0% to 6.3%
	7.65 percent, net of pension plan investment
Investment rate of return	expense, and including inflation
Asset valuation method	4-year smoothed market
Actuarial cost method	Entry age Normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, open
Mortality (Healthy members)	For Males and Females: RP2000 Combined
	Employee and Annuitant Mortality Table projected
	to 2020 using Scale BB, males set back 1 year
Mortality (Disabled members)	For Males and Females: RP 2000 Combined
	Mortality Table

Administrative expenses are recognized by an additional amount added to the normal cost contribution rate for the System. This amount varies from year to year based on the prior year's actual administrative expenses.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION

FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (MPORS)

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

As of measurement date:	2017		2016		2015	L	2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability (percentage)	0.3260%		0.3041%		0.2957%		0.2898%
Employer's net pension liability	\$ 580,032	\$	547,337	\$	489,194	\$	455,416
State's net pension liability	 1,182,200	1	,086,487		991,153		919,995
Total	\$ 1,762,232	\$1	,633,824	\$1	,480,347	\$1	,375,411
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 487,536	\$	429,223	\$	409,292	\$	388,866
Employer's proportionate share as a percentage of covered payroll	118.97%		127.52%		119.52%		117.11%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	68.34%		65.62%		66.90%		67.01%

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

As of reporting date:	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 65,586	\$ 70,254	\$ 62,876	\$ 59,331
Plan Choice Rate Required Contributions	-	-	-	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	65,586	70,254	62,876	59,331
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 455,143	\$ 487,536	\$ 429,223	\$ 409,292
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.41%	14.41%	14.65%	14.50%

* The requirement is to illustrate information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule(s) present information for those year(s) for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION

MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (MPORS)

FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Changes of Benefit Terms

The following changes to the plan provision were made as identified:

2015 Legislative Changes

General Revisions - House Bill 101, effective January 1, 2016

MPORS DROP Survivor Benefits – for MPORS

Allow statutory beneficiary (spouse or dependent child) of a deceased DROP participant to receive a DROP benefit and a survivorship benefit rather than accumulated contributions or a lump sum payment. MCA 19-9-1206(1)

2017 Legislative Changes

General Revisions - House Bill 101, effective July 1, 2017

Working Retiree Limitations – for MPORS

- 1. Applies to retirement system members who return on or after July 1, 2017 to covered employment in the system from which they retired.
- 2. Members who return for less than 480 hours in a calendar year:
 - a. May not become an active member in the system; and
 - b. Are subject to a \$1 reduction in their retirement benefit for each \$3 earned in excess of \$5,000 in the calendar year.
- 3. Members who return for 480 or more hours in a calendar year:
 - a. Must become an active member of the system;
 - b. Will stop receiving a retirement benefit from the system; and
 - c. Will be eligible for a second retirement benefit if they earn 5 or more years of service credit through their second employment.
- 4. Employee, employer and state contributions, if any, apply as follows:
 - a. Employer contributions and state contributions (if any) must be paid on all working retirees;
 - b. Employee contributions must be paid on working retirees who return to covered employment for 480 or more hours in a calendar year.

Second Retirement Benefit – for MPORS

- 1. Applies to retirement system members who return on or after July 1, 2017 to active service covered by the system from which they retired.
- 2. If the member works more than 480 hours in a calendar year and accumulates less than 5 years of service credit before terminating again, the member:
 - a. Is not awarded service credit for the period of reemployment;
 - b. Is refunded the accumulated contributions associated with the period of reemployment;
 - c. Starting the first month following termination of service, receives the same retirement benefit previously paid to the member; and
 - d. Does not accrue post-retirement benefit adjustments during the term of reemployment but receives a Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA) in January immediately following second retirement.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION

MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (MPORS)

FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

- 3. If the member works more than 480 hours in a calendar year and accumulates at least 5 years of service credit before terminating again, the member;
 - a. Is awarded service credit for the period of reemployment;
 - b. Starting the first month following termination of service, receives:
 - i. The same retirement benefit previously paid to the member, and
 - ii. A second retirement benefit for the period of reemployment calculated based on the laws in effect as of the member's rehire date; and
 - c. Does not accrue post-retirement benefit adjustments during the term of reemployment but receives a GABA:
 - i. On the initial retirement benefit in January immediately following second retirement, and
 - ii. On the second retirement benefit starting in January after receiving that benefit for at least 12 months.
- 4. A member who returns to covered service is not eligible for a disability benefit.

Terminating Employers-Recovery of actuary costs - for MPORS

Employers who terminate participation in MPORS must pay the actuarial liability associated with that termination. Starting July 1, 2017, the terminating employer must also pay for the cost of the actuarial study used to determine that liability.

Refunds

- 1. Terminating members eligible to retire may, in lieu of receiving a monthly retirement benefit, refund their accumulated contributions in a lump sum.
- 2. Terminating members with accumulated contributions between \$200 and \$1,000 who wish to rollover their refunds must do so within 90 days of termination of service.
- 3. Trusts, estates, and charitable organizations listed as beneficiaries are entitled to receive only a lump-sum payment.

Family Law Orders

If a Family Law Order (FLO) is silent regarding the apportionment of post-retirement benefit adjustments such as the Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA), the FLO is presumed to require apportionment of the post-retirement benefit adjustment in the same percentage as the monthly retirement benefit is apportioned.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions

The following addition was adopted from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation:

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION

MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (MPORS)

Admin Expense as % of Payroll	0.24%
General Wage Growth*	3.50%
*Includes inflation at	2.75%
Merit increase	0% to 6.6%
Investment rate of return	7.65 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, and including inflation
Asset valuation method	4-year smoothed market
Actuarial cost method	Entry age Normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, open
Mortality (Healthy members)	For Males and Females: RP2000 Combined
	Employee and Annuitant Mortality Table projected
	to 2020 using Scale BB, males set back 1 year
Mortality (Disabled members)	For Males and Females: RP 2000 Combined
	Mortality Table

FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Administrative expenses are recognized by an additional amount added to the normal cost contribution rate for the System. This amount varies from year to year based on the prior year's actual administrative expenses.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION

FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FIREFIGHTERS UNIFIED RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FURS)

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

As of measurement date:	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability (percentage)	0.0430%	0.0445%	0.0452%	0.0453%
Employer's net pension liability	\$ 48,641	\$ 50,782	\$ 46,238	\$ 44,179
State's net pension liability	 110,459	115,056	102,984	99,666
Total	\$ 159,100	\$ 165,838	\$ 149,222	\$ 143,845
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 64,330	\$ 62,611	\$ 60,753	\$ 58,789
Employer's proportionate share as a percentage of covered payroll	75.61%	81.11%	76.11%	75.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	77.77%	75.48%	76.90%	76.71%

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

As of reporting date:	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 9,601	\$ 9,238	\$ 8,952	\$ 8,894
Plan Choice Rate Required Contributions	-	-	-	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 9,601	9,238	8,952	8,894
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 66,860	\$ 64,330	\$ 62,611	\$ 60,753
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.36%	14.36%	14.30%	14.64%

* The requirement is to illustrate information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule(s) present information for those year(s) for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION

FIREFIGHTERS UNIFIED RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FURS)

FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Changes of Benefit Terms

The following changes to the plan provision were made as identified:

2015 Legislative Changes

If a PERS member transfers employment to a FURS covered position and fails to elect FURS membership within 90 days, the default is PERS membership.

2017 Legislative Changes

General Revisions - House Bill 101, effective July 1, 2017

Working Retiree Limitations – for FURS

- 1. Applies to retirement system members who return on or after July 1, 2017 to covered employment in the system from which they retired.
- 2. Members who return for less than 480 hours in a calendar year:
 - a. May not become an active member in the system; and
 - b. Are subject to a \$1 reduction in their retirement benefit for each \$3 earned in excess of \$5,000 in the calendar year.
- 3. Members who return for 480 or more hours in a calendar year:
 - a. Must become an active member of the system;
 - b. Will stop receiving a retirement benefit from the system; and
 - c. Will be eligible for a second retirement benefit if they earn 5 or more years of service credit through their second employment.
- 4. Employee, employer and state contributions, if any, apply as follows:
 - a. Employer contributions and state contributions (if any) must be paid on all working retirees;
 - b. Employee contributions must be paid on working retirees who return to covered employment for 480 or more hours in a calendar year.

Second Retirement Benefit – for FURS

- 1. Applies to retirement system members who return on or after July 1, 2017 to active service covered by the system from which they retired.
- 2. If the member works more than 480 hours in a calendar year and accumulates less than 5 years of service credit before terminating again, the member:
 - a. Is not awarded service credit for the period of reemployment;
 - b. Is refunded the accumulated contributions associated with the period of reemployment;
 - c. Starting the first month following termination of service, receives the same retirement benefit previously paid to the member; and
 - d. Does not accrue post-retirement benefit adjustments during the term of reemployment but receives a Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA) in January immediately following second retirement.
- 3. If the member works more than 480 hours in a calendar year and accumulates at least 5 years of service credit before terminating again, the member;
 - a. Is awarded service credit for the period of reemployment;

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION

FIREFIGHTERS UNIFIED RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FURS)

FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

- b. Starting the first month following termination of service, receives:
 - i. The same retirement benefit previously paid to the member, and
 - ii. A second retirement benefit for the period of reemployment calculated based on the laws in effect as of the member's rehire date; and
- c. Does not accrue post-retirement benefit adjustments during the term of reemployment but receives a GABA:
 - i. On the initial retirement benefit in January immediately following second retirement, and
 - ii. On the second retirement benefit starting in January after receiving that benefit for at least 12 months.
- 4. A member who returns to covered service is not eligible for a disability benefit.

Terminating Employers-Recovery of actuary costs - for FURS

Employers who terminate participation in FURS must pay the actuarial liability associated with that termination. Starting July 1, 2017, the terminating employer must also pay for the cost of the actuarial study used to determine that liability.

Refunds

- 1. Terminating members eligible to retire may, in lieu of receiving a monthly retirement benefit, refund their accumulated contributions in a lump sum.
- 2. Terminating members with accumulated contributions between \$200 and \$1,000 who wish to rollover their refunds must do so within 90 days of termination of service.
- 3. Trusts, estates, and charitable organizations listed as beneficiaries are entitled to receive only a lump-sum payment.

Family Law Orders

If a Family Law Order (FLO) is silent regarding the apportionment of post-retirement benefit adjustments such as the Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA), the FLO is presumed to require apportionment of the post-retirement benefit adjustment in the same percentage as the monthly retirement benefit is apportioned.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions

The following addition was adopted from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation:

Admin Expense as % of Payroll	0.23%
General Wage Growth*	3.50%
*Includes inflation at	2.75%
Merit increase	0% to 6.3%
	7.65 percent, net of pension plan investment
Investment rate of return	expense, and including inflation
Asset valuation method	4-year smoothed market
Actuarial cost method	Entry age Normal

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION

FIREFIGHTERS UNIFIED RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FURS)

FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, open
Mortality (Healthy members)	For Males and Females: RP2000 Combined
	Employee and Annuitant Mortality Table projected
	to 2020 using Scale BB, males set back 1 year
Mortality (Disabled members)	For Males and Females: RP 2000 Combined
	Mortality Table

Administrative expenses are recognized by an additional amount added to the normal cost contribution rate for the System. This amount varies from year to year based on the prior year's actual administrative expenses.

CITY OF COLUMBIA FALLS, FLATHEAD COUNTY, MONTANA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION

COLUMBIA FALLS FIREFIGHTERS RELIEF ASSOCIATION PENSION PLAN

A component unit of the City of Columbia Falls

FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Ten Year Trends:

The following schedules are presented using the City's reporting date. These schedules represent a 10 year trend, however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedules present information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of Total Pension Liability				
As of Reporting Date:	2018			
Total pension liability Covered-Employee payroll	\$736,453 -			
Total pension liability as a % of covered-employee payroll	N/A			

As of Reporting Date: Beginning balance of Total Pension Liability (TPL) 5 Service cost Interest on total pension liability	2018 \$786,457 13,484
Service cost	. ,
Service cost	. ,
	13 484
Interest on total pension liability	13,404
Interest on total pension liability	
	(6,585)
Difference between expected and actual experience in	
measurement of TPL	(848)
Benefit payments	(56,055)
Net change in Total Pension Liability	\$ (50,004)

Schedule of Contributions to Non-Governmental Pension	Plans
As of Reporting Date:	2018
Required contributions per prior year actuary	\$ 89,836

There were no changes in assumptions, benefit terms or other inputs affecting the total pension liability since the measurement date.

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2018

	Spec	ial Revenue Funds	De	bt Service Funds	Cap	ital Project Funds	l Non-Major vernmental Funds
Assets							
Current assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	471,031	\$	1,442	\$	404,726	\$ 877,199
Taxes and assessments receivable, net		15,364		60,501		-	75,865
Due from other governments		56,901		13,996		-	 70,897
Total Current Assets		543,296		75,939		404,726	 1,023,961
Non-current assets:							
Restricted Cash and cash equivalents		137,351		54,788		594,642	786,781
Total Noncurrent Assets		137,351		54,788		594,642	786,781
Total Assets	\$	680,647	\$	130,727	\$	999,368	\$ 1,810,742
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		25,535		-		14,000	39,535
Total Current Liabilities		25,535		-		14,000	 39,535
Total Liabilities		25,535		-		14,000	 39,535
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred property tax/special assmt rev		15,364		60,502		-	75,866
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		15,364		60,502		-	 75,866
Fund Balance							
Restricted for:							
General Government		462,758		-		-	462,758
Public Safety		111,662		-		-	111,662
Public Works		65,328		-		-	65,328
Culture & Recreation		, -		-		80,090	80,090
Debt Service		-		70,225		-	70,225
Committed for							-
Capital Projects		-		-		905,278	905,278
Total Fund Balance		639,748		70,225		985,368	 1,695,341
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	680,647	\$	130,727	\$	999,368	\$ 1,810,742

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

Damanuar	Spec	ial Revenue Funds	De	bt Service Funds	Cap	oital Project Funds		l Non-Major vernmental Funds
Revenues: Property Taxes/Assessments	\$	386,645	\$	160,542	\$		\$	547,187
License and Permits	Ş	157,911	Ş	100,542	Ş	-	Ş	157,911
Intergovernmental		129,410		-		-		129,410
Charges for Services		129,410		-		-		129,410
Fines and Forfeitures		5,086		-		-		- 5,086
Miscellaneous		55,748		-		- 9,625		65,373
Investment Earnings		5,306		1,133		12,270		18,709
Total Revenues	\$	740,106	\$	161,675	\$	21,895	\$	923,676
Total Revenues	Ş	740,106	Ş	101,075	Ş	21,895	Ş	923,676
Expenditures:								
General Government		5,086		-		-		5,086
Public Safety		130,266		-		-		130,266
Public Works		152,662		-		-		152,662
Housing and Community Development		25,876		-		-		25,876
Debt Service		-		145,466		-		145,466
Principal Interest		-		15,949		-		15,949
Capital Outlay		-		-		127,541		127,541
Miscellaneous		622		-		-		622
Total Expenditures		314,512		161,415		127,541		603,468
Excess (Deficiency) Revenues over Expenditures		425,594		260		(105,646)		320,208
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		1,714		-		167,498		169,212
Transfer (Out)		(147,823)		-		-		(147,823)
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		-		-		3,250		3,250
Total other financing sources and (uses)		(146,109)		-		170,748		24,639
Change in Fund Balance		279,485		260		65,102		344,847
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of the Year		360,263		69,965		920,266		1,350,494
Prior Period Adjustment		-		-		-		-
End of the Year	\$	639,748	\$	70,225	\$	985,368	\$	1,695,341

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2018

		2310		2311		2372		2394		2400		2820		2821	2	2917	CDE	2940 BG_HOME	Tatal	N
		Increment District		D Industrial Park		rmissive lical Levy		lding Code forcement		ial Lighting District	Gas	Tax Fund	•	al Gas Tax Fund		e Victims sistance	Pai	vestment rtnership rogram	Speci	Non-Major al Revenue Funds
Assets																				
Current assets:																				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	260,159	\$	2,180	\$	-	\$	44,998	\$	24,517	\$	19,859	\$	5,956	\$	481	\$	112,881	\$	471,031
Taxes and assessments receivable, net		10,220		-		4,179		-		965		-		-		-		-		15,364
Due from other governments		42,461		23		12,385		-		2,032		-		-		-		-		56,901
Total Current Assets		312,840		2,203		16,564		44,998		27,514		19,859		5,956		481		112,881		543,296
Non-current assets:																				
Restricted Cash and cash equivalents		_		-		44,598		77,321		15,432		_		-		_		-		137,351
Total Noncurrent Assets						44,598		77,321		15,432								-		137,351
Total Assets	Ś	312,840	Ś	2,203	Ś	61,162	Ś	122,319	Ś	42,946	Ś	19,859	Ś	5,956	\$	481	Ś	112,881	\$	680,647
	Ŷ	512,040	Ŷ	2,203	Ŷ	01,102	Ŷ	122,515	<u> </u>	42,540	Ŷ	15,055	<u> </u>	3,550	<u> </u>	101	Ŷ	112,001	Ŷ	000,047
Liabilities																				
Current Liabilities:																				
Accounts payable		11,929		-		-		10,263		2,468		-		-		481		-		25,141
Accrued payables		, _		-		-		394		, -		-		-		-		-		394
Total Current Liabilities		11,929		-		-		10,657		2,468		-		-		481		-		25,535
Total Liabilities		11,929		-		-		10,657		2,468		-		-		481		-		25,535
															-					
Deferred Inflows of Resources																				
Deferred property tax/special assmt rev		10,220		-		4,179		-		965		-		-		-		-		15,364
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		10,220		-		4,179		-		965		-		-		-		-		15,364
Fund Balance Restricted for:																				
		200 001		2 202		FC 002												112 001		462 750
General government		290,691		2,203		56,983		-		-		-		-		-		112,881		462,758
Public Safety		-		-		-		111,662		-		-		-		-		-		111,662
Public Works		-		-		-		-		39,513		19,859		5,956		-		-		65,328
Housing & community development		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Fund Balance		290,691		2,203		56,983		111,662		39,513		19,859		5,956		-		112,881		639,748
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of																				
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	312,840	\$	2,203	\$	61,162	\$	122,319	\$	42,946	\$	19,859	\$	5,956	\$	481	\$	112,881	\$	680,647
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	- ,	<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	,- ,	<u> </u>	-,	<u> </u>	- , /			<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	

	Budgete		Tax Increme	nt Di	strict (2310)	Ove	r (under)		Buda	totod	TEDD Indu Amounts	ustri	ial Park	(2311)	Ove	r (under)
	Original		Final		Actual		l Budget		Original	seieu	Final		Δ	ctual		I Budget
Revenue	onginar		11101		netuur		Dudget	1 -	Chightan			—				Dudget
Taxes and Assessments		\$	221,000	\$	220,002	\$	(998)	\$		-	\$	-	\$	2,187	\$	2,187
Intergovernmental	-	·	-		-		-			-		-		-		-
Other revenue																
Investment Earnings	150		150		2,351		2,201			-		-		16		16
Total Revenue	150		221,150		222,353		1,203			-		-		2,203		2,203
Expenditures																
Current																
Housing and Community Development							-									-
Personal Services	-		-		-		-			-		-		-		-
Operations	94,363		130,000		25,876		(104,124)			-		-		-		-
Debt Service																
Principal	-		-		-		-			-		-		-		-
Interest	-		-		-		-			-		-		-		-
Internal Services	-		-		-		-			-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay	-		185,000		-		(185,000)			-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	-				-		-			-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures	94,363		315,000		25,876		(289,124)			-		-		-		-
			,		-,		(, /									
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	(94,213)		(93,850)		196,477		290,327			-		-		2,203		2,203
over expenditures	(=)===)		(//											_,		_,
Other financing sources (uses)																
Transfers in	-		-		-		-			-		-		-		-
Transfers (out)	-		-		-		-			-		-		-		-
Proceeds of general long term debt	-		-		-		-			-		-		-		-
Proceeds on sale of capital assets	-		-		-		-			-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		-		-		-			-		-		-		-
с , ,																
Net change in fund balances	\$ (94,213)	\$	(93,850)		196,477	\$	290,327	\$		-	\$	-		2,203	\$	2,203
Fund balances																
Beginning of year					94,214									-		
End of year				\$	290,691								\$	2,203		
								1							(cc	ontinued)

	Budgete	d Am	Permissive	Med	ical (2372)	0.4	er (under)		Budgete		ding Code En	forcem	ient (2394)	Ove	r (under)
	 Original	u Am	Final		Actual		al Budget		Original	u Am	Final	,	Actual		l Budget
Revenue	 							1							
Taxes and Assessments	\$ 128,447	\$	128,447	\$	130,207	\$	1,760	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and Permits	-		-		-		-		107,400		164,764		157,911		(6,853)
Intergovernmental	-		-		3,014		3,014		-		-		-		-
Charges for services	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other revenue															
Miscellaneous	-		-		-		-		-		-		44		44
Investment Earnings	 -		-		929		929		400		400		1,519		1,119
Total Revenue	128,447		128,447		134,150		5,703		107,800		165,164		159,474		(5,690)
Expenditures															
Current															
Public Safety							-								-
Personal Services	-		-		-		-		34,492		34,492		24,347		(10,145)
Operations	-		-		-		-		78,440		110,193		105,919		(4,274)
Public Works															
Personal Services	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Operations	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service															
Principal	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Internal Services	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	 -		-		-		-		623		623		622		(1)
Total Expenditures	 -		-				-		113,555		145,308		130,888		(14,420)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	128,447		128,447		134,150		5,703		(5,755)		19,856		28,586		8,730
Other financing sources (uses)															
Transfers in	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers (out)	(136,243)		(136,243)		(130,325)		5,918		-		-		-		-
Proceeds of general long term debt	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Proceeds on sale of capital assets	 -		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (136,243)		(136,243)	. <u> </u>	(130,325)		5,918		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balances	\$ (7,796)	\$	(7,796)		3,825	\$	11,621	\$	(5,755)	\$	19,856		28,586	\$	8,730
Fund balances															
Beginning of year					53,158			1					83,076		
End of year				\$	56,983			1				\$	111,662		
								•							

				Special Li	ghtin	g (2400)						Gas Tax Fi	und (28	20)		
		Budgete	d Amc					(under)		Budgete	ed Amo					r (under)
Devenue	(Original		Final		Actual	Final	Budget		Original	·	Final	A	Actual	Fina	al Budget
Revenue Taxes and Assessments	\$	33,998	\$	33,998	\$	34,249	\$	251	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Licenses and Permits	Ş	33,990	Ş	33,990	Ş	54,249	Ş	251	Ş	-	Ş	-	Ş	-	Ş	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-				- 92,119		- 92,119		- 92,119		-
Charges for services		-		-		-				92,119		92,119		92,119		-
Fines and forfeitures																
Other revenue		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous						3,077		3,077								
Investment Earnings		- 300		- 300		3,077 491		3,077 191		400		- 400		-		(400)
Total Revenue		34,298		34,298		37,817		3,519		92,519		92,519		92,119		(400)
Total Revenue		34,298		34,298		37,817		3,519		92,519		92,519		92,119		(400)
Expenditures																
Current																
Public Works								-								-
Personal Services		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Operations		54,286		54,286		35,952		(18,334)		106,934		106,934		86,675		(20,259)
Culture and Recreation																
Personal Services		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Operations		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service																
Principal		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Internal Services		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		54,286		54,286	_	35,952		(18,334)		106,934		106,934		86,675		(20,259)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		(19,988)		(19,988)		1,865		21,853		(14,415)		(14,415)		5,444		19,859
Other financing sources (uses)																
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers (out)		-		-		-		-		(17,498)		(17,498)		(17,498)		-
Proceeds of general long term debt		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Proceeds on sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-		(17,498)		(17,498)		(17,498)		-
Net change in fund balances	\$	(19,988)	\$	(19,988)		1,865	\$	21,853	\$	(31,913)	\$	(31,913)		(12,054)	\$	19,859
Fund balances																
Beginning of year						37,648								31,913		
End of year					\$	39,513							\$	19,859		
						·			I					<u> </u>	la	ntinued)

			Tax Fund (2821)				ssistance (2917)	
		d Amounts		Over (under)		d Amounts		Over (under)
Revenue	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Taxes and Assessments	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Licenses and Permits	- -	- د -			,	۔ ب	۔ بر -	- ب
Intergovernmental	34,999	34,999	34,277	(722)	_	-	_	_
Charges for services	-			(, 22)	-	-	-	_
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	4,500	5,700	5,086	(614)
Other revenue					1,000	5), 66	5,000	(01.)
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment Earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenue	34,999	34,999	34,277	(722)	4,500	5,700	5,086	(614)
Expenditures								
Current								
General Government								
Personal Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operations	-	-	-	-	4,500	5,700	5,086	(614)
Public Works				-				-
Personal Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operations	36,749	36,749	30,035	(6,714)	-	-	-	-
Debt Service								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Internal Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-		-		-			
Total Expenditures	36,749	36,749	30,035	(6,714)	4,500	5,700	5,086	(614)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(1,750)	(1,750)	4,242	5,992	-	-	-	-
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	1,750	1,750	1,714	(36)	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds of general long term debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,750	1,750	1,714	(36)			-	
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$</u> -	\$-	5,956	\$ 5,956	\$-	<u>\$</u> -	-	\$ -
Fund balances								
Beginning of year							-	
End of year			\$ 5,956				\$ -	(continued)

Budgeted Arrouns Over (under) Budgeted Arrouns Cover (under) Budgeted Arrouns Cover (under) Budgeted Arrouns Cover (under) Revenue S			CDBG HOM	1E Funds (2940)		Tota	l of all Non-major	Special Revenue F	unds
Revnue S <th></th> <th>Budgete</th> <th>d Amounts</th> <th></th> <th>Over (under)</th> <th>Budgeter</th> <th>d Amounts</th> <th></th> <th>Over (under)</th>		Budgete	d Amounts		Over (under)	Budgeter	d Amounts		Over (under)
Tases and Aussesments S S S S S S S S S S B		Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Lenses and Permits - - - - 1047,0700 164,764 357,911 (6,83) Unarges for services - - - - 4.500 5.708 - <	Revenue								
Intergoernmental - - - 122,118 122,128 123,128	Taxes and Assessments	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 162,445	\$ 383,445	\$ 386,645	\$ 3,200
Charges for services -	Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	107,400	164,764	157,911	(6,853)
Fines and cofetures - - - - 4,500 5,700 5,085 (61,1) Miscelaneous - - 52,627 52,627 - - 57,738 57,788 57,788 Total Revenue - - 52,627 52,627 52,627 740,106 57,829 Current Current -<	Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	127,118	127,118	129,410	2,292
Fines and cofetures - - - - 4,500 5,700 5,085 (61,1) Miscelaneous - - 52,627 52,627 - - 57,738 57,788 57,788 Total Revenue - - 52,627 52,627 52,627 740,106 57,829 Current Current -<	Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenue Image: State of the state of	-	-	-	-	-	4,500	5,700	5,086	(614)
Investment Eminings - - - - 1250 5,305 4,055 Dependitures - - 52,627 52,627 402,713 682,277 740,106 57,829 Dependitures -	Other revenue					-	-	-	
Investment Eminings - - - - 1250 5,305 4,055 Dependitures - - 52,627 52,627 402,713 682,277 740,106 57,829 Dependitures -	Miscellaneous	-	-	52.627	52.627	-	-	55,748	55,748
Total Revenue - - 52,627 52,627 402,713 682,277 740,106 57,829 Expenditures Current -<			-	,		1 250	1 250		
Expenditures Current Image: Construct of the second services	-			52 627	52 627				
Current General Government <	Total nevenue			52,027	52,027	402,715	002,277	740,100	57,625
Current General Government <	Evpondituros								
General Government -	-								
Personal Services -									
Operations - - - 4,500 5,700 5,086 (614) Public Safety - - - - 34,492 34,492 24,347 (10,145) Operations - - - 78,440 110,193 105,919 (4,24) Public Works - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
Public Safety - <		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Personal Services -	-	-	-	-	-	4,500	5,700	5,086	(614)
Operations - - - - 78,440 110,193 105,919 (4,274) Public Works - <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td>	-					-	-	-	
Public Works - <t< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>		-	-	-	-				
Personal Services -	-	-	-	-	-	78,440	110,193	105,919	(4,274)
Operations - - - - 197,969 197,969 152,662 (45,307) Culture and Recreation - </td <td>Public Works</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td>	Public Works					-	-	-	
Culture and Recreation Personal Services -	Personal Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Personal Services -	Operations	-	-	-	-	197,969	197,969	152,662	(45,307)
Operations - <th-< td=""><td>Culture and Recreation</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td></th-<>	Culture and Recreation					-	-	-	
Housing and Community Development Personal Services -	Personal Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Personal Services Operations - <th< td=""><td>Operations</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></th<>	Operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operations 60,254 60,254 - (60,254) 154,617 190,254 25,876 (164,378) Debt Service - <td>Housing and Community Development</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td>	Housing and Community Development					-	-	-	
Debt Service - <t< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service - <t< td=""><td>Operations</td><td>60,254</td><td>60,254</td><td>-</td><td>(60,254)</td><td>154,617</td><td>190,254</td><td>25,876</td><td>(164,378)</td></t<>	Operations	60,254	60,254	-	(60,254)	154,617	190,254	25,876	(164,378)
Principal Interest -	Debt Service					-	-	-	
Internal Services -	Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Internal Services -	Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay - - - - - 185,000 - (185,000) Miscellaneous - - - - - - 623 623 622 (1) Total Expenditures 60,254 60,254 - (60,254) 52,627 112,881 (67,928) (41,954) 425,594 467,548 Other financing sources (uses) - - - - - - - - - - - - 470,641 724,231 314,512 (409,719) - (409,719) -		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous - - - - - 623 623 622 (1) Total Expenditures 60,254 60,254 - (60,254) 470,641 724,231 314,512 (409,719) Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures (60,254) (60,254) 52,627 112,881 (67,928) (41,954) 425,594 467,548 Other financing sources (uses) - - - - - 1,750 1,750 1,714 (36) Transfers (out) - </td <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>185.000</td> <td>-</td> <td>(185.000)</td>		-	-	-	-	-	185.000	-	(185.000)
Total Expenditures 60,254 60,254 - (60,254) 470,641 724,231 314,512 (409,719) Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures (60,254) (60,254) 52,627 112,881 (67,928) (41,954) 425,594 467,548 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in - - - 1,750 1,750 1,714 (36) Proceeds of general long term debt -		-	-		-	623		622	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures (60,254) (60,254) 52,627 112,881 (67,928) (41,954) 425,594 467,548 Other financing sources (uses)		60 254	60 254		(60.254)				
over expenditures Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in - - - 1,750 1,750 1,714 (36) Transfers (out) - - - - - (153,741) (147,823) 5,918 Proceeds of general long term debt -	Total Experiatares	00,234	00,234		(00,234)	470,041	724,251	514,512	(405,715)
Transfers in - - - - 1,750 1,750 1,714 (36) Transfers (out) -		(60,254)	(60,254)	52,627	112,881	(67,928)	(41,954)	425,594	467,548
Transfers in - - - - 1,750 1,750 1,714 (36) Transfers (out) -									
Transfers (out) -									
Proceeds of general long term debt -		-	-	-	-				
Proceeds on sale of capital assets	Transfers (out)	-	-	-	-	(153,741)	(153,741)	(147,823)	5,918
Total other financing sources (use: - - - (151,991) (146,109) 5,882 Net change in fund balances \$ (60,254) \$ (60,254) 52,627 \$ 112,881 \$ (219,919) \$ (193,945) 279,485 \$ 473,430 Fund balances Beginning of year 60,254 60,254 - 5,882	Proceeds of general long term debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net change in fund balances \$ (60,254) \$ (60,254) \$ 52,627 \$ 112,881 \$ (219,919) \$ (193,945) 279,485 \$ 473,430 Fund balances Beginning of year 60,254 60,254 360,263 360,263	Proceeds on sale of capital assets	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Fund balances Beginning of year 60,254 360,263	Total other financing sources (use	e: -	-	-	-	(151,991)	(151,991)	(146,109)	5,882
Fund balances Beginning of year 60,254 360,263									
Beginning of year 60,254 360,263	Net change in fund balances	\$ (60,254)	\$ (60,254)	52,627	\$ 112,881	\$ (219,919)	\$ (193,945)	279,485	\$ 473,430
Beginning of year 60,254 360,263	Fund balances								
				60.254				260.262	
End of year \$ 112,881 \$ 639,748	ведининд от уеаг			60,254				360,263	
End of year \$ 112,881 \$ 639,748									
End or year <u>\$ 112,881</u> <u>\$ 639,748</u>	End of your			ć (12.00)				¢	
	End of year			ş 112,881		I		ə 639,748	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

June 30, 2018

		3010		3020	3534	3536	Tata	
	GO B	ond Pool	-	O Street ovements	 SID 34	 SID 36		Non-Major bt Service Funds
Assets								
Current assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 298	\$ 1,144	\$	1,442
Taxes and assessments receivable, net		2,123		2,705	33,359	22,314		60,501
Due from other governments		6,035		7,690	 -	 271		13,996
Total Current Assets		8,158		10,395	 33,657	 23,729		75,939
Non-current assets:								
Restricted Cash and cash equivalents		18,146		36,642	-	-		54,788
Total Noncurrent Assets		18,146		36,642	 -	 -		54,788
Total Assets	\$	26,304	\$	47,037	\$ 33,657	\$ 23,729	\$	130,727
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		-		-	-	-		-
Total Current Liabilities		-		-	 -	 -		-
Total Liabilities		-		-	 -	 -		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred property tax/special assmt rev		2,123		2,706	33,359	22,314		60,502
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,123		2,706	 33,359	 22,314		60,502
Fund Balance								
Restricted for:								
Debt Service		24,181		44,331	298	1,415		70,225
Total Fund Balance		24,181		44,331	 298	 1,415		70,225
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	26,304	\$	47,037	\$ 33,657	\$ 23,729	\$	130,727

	Dudgo	tod An	GO Bond nounts	l Poo	l (3010)	0.40	r (under)		Budgete	Street Impro	oveme	ents (3020)	0.00	r (under)
	Original	Leu An	Final		Actual		al Budget		Original	Final		Actual		l Budget
Revenue	Ongina		Tindi		netuun		an Budget	1	Oliginar	 11101		/ictual		Dudget
Taxes and Assessments	\$ 65,355	\$	65,355	\$	66,251	\$	896	\$	83,276	\$ 83,276	\$	84,349	\$	1,073
Licenses and Permits	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Intergovernmental	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Charges for services	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Other revenue														
Miscellaneous	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Investment Earnings	300		300		585		285		225	225		480		255
Total Revenue	65,655		65,655		66,836		1,181		83,501	 83,501		84,829		1,328
Expenditures														
Current														
Debt Service														
Principal	60,000		60,000		60,000		-		78,903	78,903		78,902		(1)
Interest	6,600		6,600		6,600		-		6,399	6,399		6,398		(1)
Internal Services	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Miscellaneous	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Capital Outlay	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Total Expenditures	66,600		66,600		66,600		-		85,302	 85,302		85,300		(2)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	(945)	(945)		236		1,181		(1,801)	(1,801)		(471)		1,326
over expenditures														
Other financing sources (uses)														
Transfers in	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Transfers (out)	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Proceeds of general long term debt	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Proceeds on sale of capital assets	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		-		-		-		-	 -		-		-
Net change in fund balances	\$ (945	\$	(945)		236	\$	1,181	\$	(1,801)	\$ (1,801)		(471)	\$	1,330
Fund balances														
Beginning of year					23,945							44,802		
End of year				\$	24,181						\$	44,331		
				<u> </u>				1			<u> </u>		1	(موربونا م

				SID	34 (35	34)						SID 36	(3536)			
	Buc	lgeted	l Amoi	unts			Over (und	er)		Budgete	d Amo	ounts			Over	(under)
	Original			Final		Actual	Final Bud	get	C	Driginal		Final	A	ctual	Final	Budget
Revenue																
Taxes and Assessments	\$ 5,7	'15	\$	5,715	\$	5 <i>,</i> 853	\$	-	\$	3,802	\$	3,802	\$	4,089	\$	287
Licenses and Permits		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other revenue																
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Investment Earnings		-		-		26		26		-		-		42		42
Total Revenue	5,7	'15		5,715		5,879		26		3,802		3,802		4,131		329
Expenditures																
Current																
Debt Service																
Principal	3,9	42		3,942		3,942		-		2,622		2,622		2,622		-
Interest	1,7	73		1,773		1,772		(1)		1,180		1,180		1,179		(1)
Internal Services		-		· -		-		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures	5,7	'15		5,715		5,714		(1)		3,802		3,802		3,801		(1)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		-		-		165		25		-		-		330		328
Other financing sources (uses)																
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers (out)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Proceeds of general long term debt		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Proceeds on sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-		165	\$	27	\$		\$	-		330	\$	330
Fund balances																
Beginning of year						133								1,085		
End of year					\$	298							\$	1,415		
														<u> </u>	lco	ntinued)

	То	tal of	All Non-Majo	or Deb	ot Service Fu	nds	
	 Budgete	d Am	ounts			Ove	r (under)
	 Original		Final		Actual	Fina	al Budget
Revenue							
Taxes and Assessments	\$ 154,346	\$	158,148	\$	160,542	\$	2,256
Licenses and Permits	-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental	-		-		-		-
Other revenue							
Miscellaneous	-		-		-		-
Investment Earnings	 525		525		1,133		608
Total Revenue	154,871		158,673		161,675		2,864
Expenditures							
Current							
Debt Service							
Principal	145,467		145,467		145,466		(1)
Interest	15,952		15,952		15,949		(3)
Internal Services	-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay	 -		-		-		-
Total Expenditures	 161,419		161,419		161,415		(4)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	(2,746)		(2,746)		260		2,860
over expenditures							
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	-		-		-		-
Transfers (out)	-		-		-		-
Proceeds of general long term debt	-		-		-		-
Proceeds on sale of capital assets	 -		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		-		-		-
Net change in fund balances	\$ (6,548)	\$	(2,746)		260	\$	2,868
Fund balances							
Beginning of year					69,965		
End of year				\$	70,225		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS June 30, 2018

		4000		4010		4020		4040		
	-	al Project- ing Improv	-	ital Project- ks Improv	-	ital Project- neral Eqpt	•	ital Project- Street nstruction	Cap	Non-Major ital Project Funds
Assets										
Current assets:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	24,518	\$	150,490	\$		\$	229,718	\$	404,726
Total Current Assets		24,518		150,490		-		229,718		404,726
Non-current assets:										
Restricted Cash and cash equivalents		14,748		214,344		135,829		229,721		594,642
Total Noncurrent Assets		14,748		214,344		135,829		229,721		594,642
Total Assets	\$	39,266	\$	364,834	\$	135,829	\$	459,439	\$	999,368
Liabilities										
Current Liabilities:										
Accounts payable		-		-		-		14,000		14,000
Total Current Liabilities		-		-		-		14,000		14,000
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		14,000		14,000
Fund Balance										
Restricted for:										
Culture & Recreation		-		80,090		-		-		80,090
Committed for										
Capital Projects		39,266		284,744		135,829		445,439		905,278
Total Fund Balance		39,266		364,834		135,829		445,439		985,368
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	39,266	\$	364,834	\$	135,829	\$	459,439	\$	999,368

			ing Improvements			pital Project-Park I	Improvements (40	
		d Amounts		Over (under)		ed Amounts		Over (under)
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenue								
Taxes and Assessments	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenue								
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	4,000	4,000	9,625	5,625
Investment Earnings	400	400	621	221	2,500	2,500	4,960	2,460
Total Revenue	400	400	621	221	6,500	6,500	14,585	8,085
Expenditures								
Debt Service								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Internal Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	40,000	40,000	15,703	(24,297)	165,000	165,000	22,595	(142,405)
Miscellaneous	-	-		(_ :, : ,		,	,	-
Total Expenditures	40,000	40,000	15,703	(24,297)	165,000	165,000	22,595	(142,405)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(39,600)	(39,600)	(15,082)	(24,076)	(158,500)	(158,500)	(8,010)	(134,320)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds of general long term debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds on sale of capital assets	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses								
Total other maneing sources (uses	·			·				
Net change in fund balances	\$ (39,600)	\$ (39,600)	(15,082)	\$ 24,518	\$ (158,500)	\$ (158,500)	(8,010)	\$ 150,490
Fund balances								
Beginning of year			54,348				372,844	
End of year			\$ 39,266				\$ 364,834	
- ,			,		I			(continued)
								(continueu)

		Capital Project-Ge ed Amounts	neral Equipment (4	4020) Over (under)		pital Project-Stree d Amounts	t Construction (40	940) Over (under)
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenue	Original	- I IIIdi	Actual	Thai buuget	Oligilia	Titidi	Actual	That buuget
Taxes and Assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	199,824	199,824	-	(199,824)	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenue								
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment Earnings	800	800	1,275	475	1,100	1,100	5,414	4,314
Total Revenue	200,624	200,624	1,275	(199,349)	1,100	1,100	5,414	4,314
Expenditures								
Debt Service								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Internal Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	270,797	270,797	40,647	(230,150)	260,000	260,000	48,596	(211,404)
Miscellaneous	-		-	-	-	-		-
Total Expenditures	270,797	270,797	40,647	(230,150)	260,000	260,000	48,596	(211,404)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(70,173)	(70,173)	(39,372)	(429,499)	(258,900)	(258,900)	(43,182)	(207,090)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	67,498	64,798	67,498	2,700	100,000	100,000	100,000	-
Transfers (out)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds of general long term debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds on sale of capital assets	-		3,250	-	-	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses	67,498	64,798	70,748	2,700	100,000	100,000	100,000	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,675)	\$ (5,375)	31,376	\$ 33,501	\$ (158,900)	\$ (158,900)	56,818	\$ 215,718
Fund balances								
Beginning of year			104,453				388,621	
End of year			\$ 135,829				\$ 445,439	
·					Į.			(continued)

					or Capit	al Project Fu		
	-	Budgete	a Amo	Final		A		er (under)
Revenue	Orig	IIdl				Actual	FILIO	al Budget
Taxes and Assessments	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
Licenses and Permits	Ŷ	_	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	_	Ŷ	-
Intergovernmental	10	9,824		199,824		_		(199,824)
Charges for services	13	- 5,02		- 155,024		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		_		-		_		-
Other revenue								
Miscellaneous		4,000		4,000		9,625		5,625
Investment Earnings		4,800		4,800		12,270		7,470
Total Revenue		8,624		208,624		21,895		(186,729)
Expenditures								
Debt Service								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest		-				-		-
nternal Services		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay	73	5,797		735,797		127,541		(608,256)
Viscellaneous		-		-				-
Total Expenditures	73	5,797		735,797		127,541		(608,256)
·		,		,			-	<u>, , ,</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	(52	7,173)		(527,173)		(105,646)		(794,985)
over expenditures								
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	16	7,498		164,798		167,498		2,700
Transfers (out)		-		-		-		-
Proceeds of general long term debt		-		-		-		-
Proceeds on sale of capital assets		-		-		3,250		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	16	7,498		164,798		170,748		2,700
Net change in fund balances	\$ (35	9,675)	\$	(362,375)		65,102	\$	424,227
Fund balances								
Beginning of year						920,266		
Restatments						-		
End of year					Ś	985,368		
					-	,		

City of Columbia Falls, Flathead County, Montana Statement of Net Position Non-Major Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

	5211 ater Capital Expansion	5311 ewer Capital Expansion	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,215,889	\$ 674,060	\$ 1,889,949
Accounts receivable - net	24,626	16,217	40,843
Interest receivable	-	-	-
Total Current Assets	 1,240,515	690,277	1,930,792
Total Assets	\$ 1,240,515	\$ 690,277	\$ 1,930,792
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Current Liabilities	 -	-	-
Total Liabilities	 -	-	-
NET POSITION			
Restricted for public works expansion	1,240,515	690,277	1,930,792
Unrestricted	-	-	-
Total Net Position	 1,240,515	690,277	1,930,792
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 1,240,515	\$ 690,277	\$ 1,930,792

- -

City of Columbia Falls, Flathead County, Montana Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Non-Major Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Wa	5211 Iter Capital	Sev	5311 wer Capital	
		xpansion		xpansion	Total
Operating Revenues:		·		-	
Charges for services	\$	198,795	\$	189,686	\$ 388,481
Total Operating Revenues		198,795		189,686	 388,481
Operating Expenses:					
Supplies		-		-	-
Purchased Services		-		-	-
Total Operating Expenses		-		-	 -
Operating Income		198,795		189,686	 388,481
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):		1/ 55/		0.020	
Investment Earnings Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		16,556 16,556		8,938 8,938	 25,494 25,494
Net Income before Transfers		215,351		198,624	 413,975
Transfers Out		-		-	 -
Change in net position		215,351		198,624	 413,975
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year		1,025,164		491,653	1,516,817
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$	1,240,515	\$	690,277	\$ 1,930,792

City of Columbia Falls, Flathead County, Montana Statement of Cash Flows Non-Major Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		5211 ter Capital xpansion		5311 ver Capital xpansion		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Cash received from customers	\$	203,531	\$	195,330	\$	398,861
Cash payments to vendors		-		-		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		203,531		195,330		398,861
Cash Flows from Non-capital financing Activities:						
Transfers from (to) other funds		-		-		-
Intergovernmental operating grants		-		-		-
Net Cash Provided by Non-capital Financing Activities		-		-		-
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Interest paid on debt		_		-		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		-		-		-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Interest on investments		16,556		8,938		25,494
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		16,556		8,938		25,494
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		220,087		204,268		424,355
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		995,802		469,792		1,465,594
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	1,215,889	\$	674,060	\$	1,889,949
		-		-		
Reconciliation of Income from Operations to Cash from Operation	S					
Operating Income	\$	198,795	\$	189,686	\$	388,481
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
(Increase) in accounts receivable, net (Decrease) in accounts payable		4,736		5,644		10,380
Net Cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	203,531	\$	195,330	\$	398.861
Net oush provided (doed) by operating detivities	Ψ	200,001	Ψ	175,550	Ŷ	570,001

CITY OF COLUMBIA FALLS SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL/STATE GRANTS, ENTITLEMENTS, AND SHARED REVENUES FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

	REVENUE CODE	RECEIVING FUND	AMOUNT
EEDEDAL CDANTS/ENTITLEMENTS (LIST)			
FEDERAL GRANTS/ENTITLEMENTS - (LIST) DNRC Forestry Grant/VFA CFDA #10.664	331081	1000	2,980.19
Alcohol Compliance Check Program	331179	1000	1,700.00
	001110		1,700.00
Total Federal Grants/Entitlements			4,680.19
FEDERAL SHARED REVENUES - (LIST)			
Total Federal Shared Revenues			0.00
STATE GRANTS/ENTITLEMENTS - (LIST)			
DNRC Grant-Arbor Day	334122	1000	750.00
Total State Grants/Entitlements			750.00
STATE SHARED REVENUES - (LIST)			
State Grants/Hwy Safety	334000	1000	4,740.46
Gas Tax Apportionment	335040	2820	92,118.82
Special Road/Street Allocation Program Gambling License and Permits	335041 335120	2821 1000	<u>34,277.40</u> 18,225.00
State Entitlement Share	335230	1000	701,477.46
State Entitlement Share	335230	2372	3,013.86
State on Behalf Payments (Retirement System)	336020	1000	155,478.57
State on Behalf Payments (Retirement System)	336020	5210	3,464.61
State on Behalf Payments (Retirement System)	336020	5310	4,110.24
Total State Shared Revenues			1,016,906.42
LOCAL GRANTS - (LIST)			
Flathead County (EMS)	337340	1000	7,359.00
Flathead County (SRO)	337350	1000	25,000.00
School District #6 (SRO)	337360	1000	7,000.00 39,359.00
TOTAL			1,061,695.61

		AL	L FUNDS					
	SCHEDULE OF CA	SH RECEIPT	S AND DISBU	JRSEMENTS	6 - ALL FUND	S		
	FI	SCAL YEAR E	NDING JUN	E 30, 2018				
Account number	Description	Cash balance 7/1/2017	Receipts	Transfers in	Disbursements	Transfers Out	Cash balance 6/30/2018	
1000	GENERAL	877,161.38	2,625,873.18	3,867.29	321,866.38	2,212,477.91	972,557.56	
2000	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS							
2310	TIF	83,746.18	232,823.92	0.00	51,490.43	4,921.00	260,158.67	
2311	TEDD_Industrial Park	0.00	2,202.93	0.00	22.78	0.00	2,180.15	
2372	Permissive Medical Levy	43,207.92	157,026.43	0.00	155,636.48	0.00	44,597.87	
2394	Building Code Enforcement Fund	87,346.28	162,710.36	0.00	3,600.51	124,136.84	122,319.29	
2400	Light maintenance districts (all)	38,077.54	44,612.63	1,007.14	6,599.71	37,148.27	39,949.33	
2500	Maintenance districts (all)	208,056.83	417,951.72	1,127.46	79,427.35	330,526.57	217,182.09	
2700	Cedar Creek Trust	940,016.82	63,115.36	0.00	0.00	9,300.00	993,832.18	
2805	Youth Recreation Grant FY17	(1,539.11)	1,539.11				0.00	
2820	Gas tax	31,913.05	92,118.82	691.55	17,498.00	87,366.64	19,858.78	
2821	Special Road/Street Allocation	0.00	35,991.27	300.35	0.00	30,335.55	5,956.07	
2917	Crime Victims Assistance Fund	622.00	5,086.00	0.00	0.00	5,227.50	480.50	
2940	C.D.B.G./HOME Grant	60,254.00	52,627.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	112,881.00	
	TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE	1,491,701.51	1,267,805.55	3,126.50	314,275.26	628,962.37	1,819,395.93	

		AL	L FUNDS					
	SCHEDULE OF CA	SH RECEIPT	S AND DISBL	JRSEMENTS	6 - ALL FUND	S		
	FI	SCAL YEAR E	NDING JUN	E 30, 2018	-			
Account number	Description	Cash balance 7/1/2017	Receipts	Transfers in	Disbursements	Transfers Out	Cash balance 6/30/2018	
3000	DEBT SERVICE FUNDS (list)							
3010	GO Bond-Pool	19,082.19	80,471.29	0.00	14,807.09	66,600.00	18,146.39	
3020	GO Street Improvements	38,275.12	102,589.31	0.00	63,033.94	41,188.39	36,642.10	
3534	SID 34	133.06	5,879.44	0.00	5,714.26	0.00	298.24	
3536	SID 36	1,085.04	4,130.23	0.00	4,071.65	0.00	1,143.62	
3538	SID 38	0.00	43,768.93	0.00	2,942.68	24,862.70	15,963.55	
	TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUNDS	58,575.41	236,839.20	0.00	90,569.62	132,651.09	72,193.90	
4000	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS (list)							
4000	Capital Projects-Building Improvements	54,347.98	10,070.17	149.80	9,449.00	15,852.55	39,266.40	
4010	Capital Project-Parks Improvements	372,844.07	84,439.54	0.00	69,855.00	22,595.00	364,833.61	
4020	Capital Project-General Equipment	104,453.34	123,468.13	0.00	51,446.05	40,646.57	135,828.85	
4040	Capital Project-Street Construction	430,053.13	209,160.90	0.00	94,721.00	85,054.15	459,438.88	
	TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS	961,698.52	427,138.74	149.80	225,471.05	164,148.27	999,367.74	
5000	ENTERPRISE FUNDS (list)							
5210	Water	828,528.51	805,909.88	9,141.29	124,415.09	822,529.40	696,635.19	
5211	Water Capital Expansion	995,801.77	225,521.48	0.00	5,435.06	0.00	1,215,888.19	
5310	Sewer	1,545,218.11	1,815,592.76	87,158.42	562,466.71	1,585,783.89	1,299,718.69	
5311	Sewer Capital Expansion	469,791.55	210,852.78	0.00	6,583.49	0.00	674,060.84	
	TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	3,839,339.94	3,057,876.90	96,299.71	698,900.35	2,408,313.29	3,886,302.91	
6000	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS (list)							
							0.00	
	TOTAL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
7000	TRUST FUNDS (list)							
							0.00	
7100	AGENCY FUNDS (list)							
7120	Fire Relief Disability/Pension Fund	1,835.58	97,856.05	4.76	6,778.62	92,963.71	(45.94)	*
7196	Flex Spending Account	5,890.49	4,683.75	0.00	3,881.24	0.00	6,693.00	

				DOEMENT		-		
	SCHEDULE OF C/ F	ISCAL YEAR E			S - ALL FUNL	15		
Account number	Description	Cash balance 7/1/2017	Receipts	Transfers in	Disbursements	Transfers Out	Cash balance 6/30/2018	
							0.00	
7900	AGENCY - OTHER							
7910	Payroll fund	37,534.92	17,427.27	2,267,103.00	2,270,921.08	55.42	51,088.69	
7930	Claims fund	88,406.51	0.00	3,269,021.00	3,330,341.84	0.00	27,085.67	
	TOTAL TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS	133,667.50	119,967.07	5,536,128.76	5,611,922.78	93,019.13	84,821.42	
8000	PERMANENT FUNDS							
	TOTALS (to be accounted for)	7,362,144.26	7,735,500.64	5,639,572.06	7,263,005.44	5,639,572.06	7,834,639.46	
		**PROPERT	Y TAXES COLLEC	TED				
Fund number	Description	Rece	eipts	Disburs	sements	Undisburs 06/30/	ed receipts 20	
7820	Transportation H.S./Elementary		•					
	Retirement H.S.							
	Retirement elementary							
**THIS INF	ORMATION CAN BE TAKEN FROM FP-6b REF	PORT (TREASURER	'S REPORT OF C	OUNTY WIDE SC	HOOL FUNDS.)			
					,			
* This fund	is shown as a component unit							
	1	1			1			

ALL FUNDS CASH RECONCILIATION FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018						
		DANN				
Account Description (not full acct #)	Glacier Bank	STIP	MBS	Agency Fund	Cash in all depositories	
BALANCE PER STATEMENTS ADD	892,970.47	4,438,802.13	2,495,000.00	6,693.00	7,833,465.60	
Deposits in transit	16,943.21				16,943.21	
Service charges					0.00	
					0.00	
					0.00	
					0.00	
Total to add	16,943.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	16,943.21	
SUBTRACT						
Outstanding checks	4 042 04				0.00	
Outstanding Electronic Checks Payroll-State	1,913.84 2,835.00				1,913.84 2,835.00	
Payroll-PERS	11,520.51				11,520.51	
	,				0.00	
					0.00	
Total to subtract	16,269.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	16,269.35	
TOTAL CASH IN DEPOSITS ADD	893,644.33	4,438,802.13	2,495,000.00	6,693.00	7,834,139.46	
Investments					0.00	
					0.00	
					0.00	
					0.00	
					0.00	
					0.00	
					0.00	
					0.00	
Total to add	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
TOTAL IN DEPOSITORIES	893,644.33	4,438,802.13	2,495,000.00	6,693.00	7,834,139.46	
		,,	,,,	.,	, - ,•	
ADD						
Cash and cash items on hand	500.00				500.00	
					0.00	
					0.00	
					0.00	
					0.00	
					0.00	
					0.00	
Total to add	500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	500.00	
**TOTAL ACCOUNTED FOR	894,144.33	4,438,802.13	2,495,000.00	6,693.00	7,834,639.46	
	007,177.00			h total cash repor		
(Cash reconciles _	X_ Cash does	not reconcile	·		
ļ		103				

GENERAL INFORMATION SECTION

_	IERAL INFORMATION		
(Complet	e all portions applicable to entity)		
1. Class of county/city	3rd Class		
2. Date of incorporation	1909		
3. County seat	Kalispell		
4. Form of government	Commission/Manager		
5. Population (most recent estimate)	4688 (2010 Census)		
6. Land area	1,455 Acres		
7. Miles of roads/streets/alleys	40.063		
8. Taxable valuation	7,234,265		
9. Road taxable valuation (county)			
10. Number of water consumers	2022		
11. Average daily water consumption	666599		
12. Miles of water main	37.2		
13. Miles of sanitary and storm sewers	27.6		
14. Number of building permits issued	57		
15. Number of full-time employees 32.71 FTE			
	PERTY TAX MILL LEVIES -		
	funds only (For fiscal year being reported) Mills		
Fund/activity	Willis		
1000 General Fund	166.03		
2372 Permissive Medical Levy	18.49		
3010 GO Bond Pool	<u>9.39</u> 11.97		
3020 GO Bond Street Construction 7120 Fire Relief	10.47		
	10.11		
TOTAL	216.35		